

# TABLES

SHOWING FOR

EACH OF THE YEARS 1900-1913 THE ESTIMATED VALUE OF  
THE IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF THE UNITED KINGDOM  
AT THE PRICES PREVAILING IN 1900,

WITH AN

## INTRODUCTORY MEMORANDUM.

[IN CONTINUATION OF PARLIAMENTARY PAPER, CO. 6782, 1913.]

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*Presented to Parliament by Command of His Majesty.*

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[illegible]

# IMPORTS AND EXPORTS AT PRICES OF 1900.

## MEMORANDUM

### ON THE FLUCTUATIONS IN THE VOLUME AND VALUE OF THE IMPORT AND EXPORT TRADE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM, 1900-1913.

#### I.—Introductory.

##### *Scope of the Return.*

The present Return is the eighth of a series in which a detailed comparison has been made between the values of the various groups of articles making up our Import and Export trade in each year since 1900, *as actually declared*, and the estimated values of the articles in each group *based directly or indirectly on the average prices prevailing in 1900* which has been adopted as the standard year for purposes of comparison. The object of this series of Returns is to show the effect of the elimination, as far as possible, of the fluctuation of prices and so secure a basis for a closer comparison between the volume of Imports and Exports in each year. The present Return gives information for each of the years 1900 to 1913. The figures for 1913 are in some degree provisional, being based on the preliminary statistics for that year issued in the Monthly Accounts of Trade and Navigation for December, 1913, the final figures not having been available when the computation was made. The results for 1912 and earlier years are based on the greater detail given in the "Annual Statement of the Trade of the United Kingdom" for the respective years. Previous experience indicates, however, that the substantial accuracy of the main results is not appreciably affected by the use of the provisional instead of the final figures.

##### *Inadequacy of Index numbers for Measuring the fluctuations in the Volume of Foreign Trade.*

As explained in previous issues of this Return, the method adopted in the "Report on Wholesale and Retail Prices" (H. of C. Paper, No. 321, 1903), of measuring the average change in prices of commodities consumed in this Country by means of *Index Numbers*, necessarily based on a limited range of commodities, is one which is not altogether satisfactory for the purpose of comparing the statistics of our foreign trade for a series of years, owing to the fact that the bulk of the Imports into this Country consists of raw materials and food stuffs, the proportion of "manufactured" goods being comparatively small, whereas our exports consist chiefly of "manufactured" articles, the principal raw material exported being coal, and the proportion of food stuffs being relatively low. The particulars given in Part II. of the appended Tables (Table 5) sufficiently indicate that the fluctuation in prices of imports and exports respectively often differ widely.

##### *General Method Adopted.*

The method adopted in the present return is that first inaugurated in the corresponding return for 1912 (Cd. 6314), the Value of the Foreign Trade in 1913, being first calculated article by article at the average values of 1912. From these results, combined with those previously ascertained, it is easy to deduce the value of the trade in terms of the average values at 1900.

*Proportion of Trade returned by Quantity.*

Owing to the fact that, for a certain number of articles, only the values, and not the quantities, of the imports or exports are given in the Trade Accounts, the changes in the average values of these articles cannot be directly determined. In consequence, a certain element of estimate necessarily enters into the calculation, and it will be desirable to say a few words here as to the method of estimate which has been adopted.

The following statement shows for the year 1913 the results of direct calculation applied to the imports and exports of articles for which both quantities and values can be stated both for 1912 and for 1913, and the value of the remaining Imports and Exports in respect of which some method of estimating the changes in average values has had to be employed.

	Aggregate Values of Articles Imported or Exported in 1913 for which average Values can be directly obtained in 1912		Aggregate Value of Articles Imported or Exported in 1913 for which average Values cannot be directly obtained in 1912.
	Values as declared.	Values at prices of 1912.	Values as declared.
Total Imports in 1913...	£ 686,153,000	£ 682,625,000	£ 84,861,000
Exports in 1913—			
United Kingdom Produce ...	£ 437,973,000	£ 418,324,000	£ 87,488,000
Foreign and Colonial Produce ...	£ 24,179,400	£ 24,357,000	£ 17,433,000

As the particulars given above are based on the provisional figures given in the Monthly Accounts for December, 1913, the figures in the last column constitute a larger proportion of the whole trade than would be the case if the final figures for 1913, which will be given in the detailed Annual Statement of Trade, had been available.

It will be seen that on the basis of the Monthly Accounts the proportion of articles for which average values can be stated for both 1912 and 1913 was 89 per cent. for Imports, 83 per cent. for Exports and 84 per cent. for Re-Exports. On the basis of the definite figures contained in the Annual Statement for 1912, the proportions for that year were found to be somewhat higher, viz. :—93 per cent. for Imports, 86 per cent. for Exports, and 91 per cent. for Re-Exports.

*Estimate for Articles returned by Value only.*

The simplest method of estimating the values of the articles included in the final column above would be to assume that their average value had changed, in each year, in the same proportion as that of the articles included in the two preceding columns. For a certain proportion of manufactured articles included in the final column, however, a closer approximation can be arrived at by assuming that the change in their average values was in the same proportion as that of other articles included in the group to which they belonged, or in some sufficiently allied group.

By this method of assimilation it is possible to estimate the value at the prices prevailing in 1912 of about one-half in value of the articles included in the final column of the above Table.

The residuum includes those articles in respect of which there does not seem any special reason for assimilating them to any particular group whose changes of average values are known. For this residuum, nothing remains but to make the assumption indicated above, viz., that their average values have varied proportionately with that of all other articles.

*Form of the Statistical Tables.*

The Tables appended fall into two divisions. Part I. consists of a series of detailed tables comparing for each principal item and for each principal group, the growth of the trade of 1913 as compared with 1912, this being the essential part of the method now in use. Part II. consists of a series of summary tables showing for each branch of our foreign trade and for their main sub-divisions and for each year, their value as declared and their value estimated at the average values of 1900, thus embodying the main

features of the earlier returns. Two subsidiary Tables (Nos. 5 and 6) are appended to Part II. Table 5—a new one—shows the fluctuations since 1900 in the volume and value of our exports of iron and steel, cottons, woollens and chemicals, while Table 6 is designed to illustrate the general movement of the level of average values for imports and exports separately. The figures given in Table 6 have been deduced from the results shown in Table 4.

## 2.—Trade of 1913 compared with 1912.

The following statement which has been compiled from Table 1 (pp. 20-23) compares for each of the principal classes of Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom produce, the Declared value in 1913 and 1912 and the Estimated value which the trade of 1913 would represent at the price-level of 1912, together with the amount of Increase (+) or Decrease (-) due to Changes in Volume and Price-level.

Article	Value		Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912							
	1913		1912	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-)		of which				
	As declared	Estimated at Average Values of 1912	Amount			Proportion	Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities	
				Amount	Proportion		Amount	Proportion		
	1,000 £'s	1,000 £'s	1,000 £'s	1,000 £'s	Per cent.	1,000 £'s	Per cent.	1,000 £'s	Per cent.	
TOTAL IMPORTS										
Total	769,084	767,883	744,641	+24,303	+3.3	+1,151	+0.1	+23,242	+3.1	
of which :										
I. Food, Drink, etc.	230,157	230,366	230,156	+2,509	+1.1	-6,609	-2.9	+15,788	+6.8	
II. Raw Materials, etc.	281,324	274,330	275,968	+8,296	+2.9	+7,634	+2.8	-1,368	-0.5	
III. Manufactures	157,603	193,173	188,467	+4,706	+3.0	-107	-0.1	+8,416	+4.4	
RE-EXPORTS										
Total	106,656	111,695	111,738	-2,082	-1.9	-1,359	-1.2	-148	-0.1	
of which :										
I. Food, Drink, etc.	15,941	16,033	15,094	+8,97	+5.9	-52	-0.3	+939	+6.2	
II. Raw Materials, etc.	61,056	60,441	67,390	-3,380	-5.5	-2,395	-3.6	-845	-1.2	
III. Manufactures	29,659	28,990	29,189	+444	+1.5	+331	+1.3	-190	-0.7	
NET IMPORTS										
Total	662,428	656,188	632,903	+23,475	+3.5	+3,000	+0.5	+23,390	+3.7	
of which :										
I. Food, Drink, etc.	214,226	214,773	215,694	+8,902	+4.1	-6,817	-3.2	+15,279	+7.1	
II. Raw Materials, etc.	217,668	217,830	208,563	+9,266	+4.2	+10,009	+4.6	-823	-0.4	
III. Manufactures	130,534	124,723	108,648	+17,807	+13.9	-688	-0.6	+9,415	+8.6	
EXPORTS OF UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE										
Total	325,451	305,412	307,248	+18,203	+5.9	+10,049	+3.3	+19,189	+6.2	
of which :										
I. Food, Drink, etc.	33,906	31,904	32,099	-78	-0.2	+704	+2.2	-782	-2.4	
II. Raw Materials, etc.	69,896	65,378	59,417	+10,479	+15.6	+8,818	+12.4	+5,081	+8.0	
III. Manufactures	221,649	208,130	215,732	+12,519	+5.9	+11,527	+5.1	+14,297	+6.7	

It will be seen that the volume of trade was greater in 1913 than in 1912 for Total Imports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom produce, by 3.1 per cent, 3.7 per cent, and 3.9 per cent, respectively. Re-exports, on the other hand, showed a small decrease of one-tenth of 1 per cent.

For Total Imports and Net Imports the level of average values in 1913 rose (B 22—Gp. 19)

somewhat above the level of 1912, but in both cases the rise was less than 1 per cent., while in the case of United Kingdom Exports the level of average values was as much as 3·8 per cent. above that of 1912. For Re-exports, however, the final result indicates a fall of 1·7 per cent. in average values.

In considering the above figures, their composite character must not be overlooked. Thus, though the combined result for Total Imports indicates a rise in average values of only one-tenth of 1 per cent., it will be seen that for Class I. (Food and Drink) there was a fall of 2·3 per cent. (mainly due to the fall in the price of sugar), but for Class II. (Raw Materials) there was a rise of 2·8 per cent. (mainly due to the rise in the price of raw cotton). The results for net imports were affected in the same way and by the same articles.

In the case of United Kingdom Exports the results for Class I. (Food and Drink) showed an increase of 2·2 per cent., for Class II. (Raw Materials—chiefly Coal) an increase of 8·4 per cent., and for Class III. (Manufactures), which constitutes nearly 80 per cent. of our Exports, an increase of 3·1 per cent. in the level of average values.

For Re-exports, however, Class I. (Food and Drink) showed a decrease of 0·6 per cent., and Class II. (Raw Materials) a decrease of 3·6 per cent., mainly due to the fall in the price of rubber. Class III. (Manufactures) showed an increase of 1·8 per cent.

### Analysis of Imports and Exports.

Table 2 (pp. 24-9) gives for each principal article Imported, Exported, or Re-exported its declared value in 1913 and 1912, and the estimated value of the trade in each such article in 1913 at the average values prevailing in 1912, and shows how much of the recorded increase or decrease in the declared value was due to higher or lower average values and how much to larger or smaller quantities.

#### *Changes in the Volume and Value of Imports.*

It will be noted that in the past year there has been a decrease of nearly 2½ per cent. in the average values of imported food, drink and tobacco, while the aggregate quantity imported increased by nearly 6 per cent. There was a general decrease in the average values of the principal descriptions of grain and flour imported. In the more important cases the percentage decreases have been as follow:—

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Oats ... ..	— 9·8	Rice ... ..	— 6·1
Maize ... ..	— 9·6	Wheat ... ..	— 2·3
Barley ... ..	— 8·0	Wheatmeal and flour ...	— 2·1

In spite of these lower average values, the quantity of wheat, oats and rice imported declined, in the latter case by no less than 14·3 per cent. On the other hand, the quantity of wheat meal and flour imported increased by 17·5 per cent., maize by 12·0 per cent., and barley by 11·5 per cent.

The average values of all descriptions of meat were higher in 1913 than in 1912. The following statement shows the extent of these increases.

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Hams ... ..	+ 13·5	Mutton* ... ..	+ 6·2
Preserved Meat ... ..	+ 16·2	Pork* ... ..	+ 3·2
Bacon ... ..	+ 14·2	Beef* ... ..	+ 0·6

\* Includes fresh, chilled and frozen.

It will be seen that the increase in average values was much greater in the case of cured than in the case of fresh, chilled and frozen meat.

In spite of these higher average values, the quantities of fresh pork, beef, and mutton imported increased by 59·6 per cent., 16·8 per cent., and 6·0 per cent. respectively. The quantity of bacon imported increased by only 4·8 per cent., while that of hams decreased by 4·8 per cent.

The imports of live animals for food—no longer a serious factor in our meat supply—showed the large decrease of 70·5 per cent.

Among other articles of food and drink a number of noteworthy changes occurred. Eleven items showed a decrease in average value, combined with an increase in volume of trade. These were as follows:—

Decrease (—) in Average Value		Increase (+) in Volume of Imports		Decrease (—) in Average Value		Increase (+) in Volume of Imports	
Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.		Per cent.	
Sugar, unrefined ...	— 21·3	+ 15·4	Butter ...	— 4·3	+ 3·3		
Sugar, refined ...	— 18·9	+ 14·1	Milk, condensed ...	— 3·7	+ 2·5		
Potatoes ...	— 8·3	+ 61·7	Fish ...	— 2·7	+ 28·2		
Coffee ...	— 4·8	+ 25·3	Margarine ...	— 0·7	+ 12·3		
Hops ...	— 5·2	+ 7·5	Cocoa, prepared ...	— 0·2	+ 16·7		
Currants ...	— 4·4	+ 3·4					

The heavy fall in the average value of sugar and the resulting large increase in the quantity imported are particularly noteworthy.

The imports of cheese, onions, raisins, and wine decreased both in average value and volume of trade, but in the case of eggs, lard, tomatoes, raw cocoa, and tea there was an increase both in average values and in volume. Under two headings, raw fruit and refined (edible) oils, there was an increase in average value combined with a decrease in volume of trade.

Tobacco of all kinds showed an increase both in average value and in the quantity imported.

Taking the *food* group as a whole, the saving to the community due to the decrease in the average value of grain and flour was counterbalanced by the loss due to the increase in the average value of meat. Owing, however, to the decline in the average value for sugar the result for the class as a whole showed a decrease of 2·2 per cent. in average value. The total imports of food, drink, and tobacco cost some £6,409,000 less than they would have done had the average values prevailing in 1912 continued through 1913.

In the *raw material* group the outstanding features were the fluctuations in the average values of raw materials for the textile industry—particularly cotton, wool, hemp and jute—of crude rubber, and, in a lesser degree, of wood and timber, oil seeds and oils, rosin, hides and copper and tin ores.

The rise in the average value of raw cotton in 1913 was especially noteworthy, the average for that year having been 12·1 per cent. above the level of 1912, representing an added cost of £7,618,000. At this higher average value it is not surprising that the quantity imported declined by 21·5 per cent., representing—at 1912 prices—a drop in our imports of £17,286,000, the net result due to both causes being a decrease in the declared value of raw cotton imported of £9,668,000. The greatest rise in average value occurred in the case of United States cotton, viz., 17·0 per cent. Egyptian and Indian cotton both rose by 3·7 per cent., and Peruvian, etc., cotton by 5·7 per cent., but Brazilian cotton actually declined by nearly 2 per cent.

As regards other textile raw materials it appears that the average values of imported raw jute increased by 21·6 per cent., hemp by 18·2 per cent., silk by 9·5 per cent., and wool by 4·1 per cent. In each of these cases the rise in values was accompanied by a diminution in the quantity imported.

The imports of wood and timber showed an increase of 3·8 per cent. in average value, and of 14·8 per cent. in volume of trade.

Oil seeds showed a decrease in the level of average values amounting to 17·2 per cent., while the quantity imported showed an increase of 38·6 per cent. On the other hand, the average values of imported oils increased by 16·0 per cent., but the aggregate quantity imported remained practically unchanged. Higher average values were particularly conspicuous in the cases of motor spirit (43 per cent.), and lamp, lubricating, and fuel oils.

The volume of our imports of crude rubber showed the relatively large increase of 27·7 per cent., but as the average value fell about 25·5 per cent., the total value of our rubber imports in 1913 was actually 4·9 per cent. less than in 1912.

Of the remaining raw materials enumerated on pages 24-5, it may be said that for gutta-percha, manganese ore, tin ore, feathers (ornamental), iron ore, manures (chemical), skins and furs (undressed), rosin and paper-making materials, the volume of imports was greater, but for copper ore, tallow and stearine, raw hides and pyrites of iron and copper was smaller in 1913 than in 1912. Of the foregoing items it appears that the

average values of gutta-percha, feathers (ornamental), and rosin declined, but in the other cases average values increased.

In the "manufactured" group, which includes a large amount of goods in the first stage of manufacture only, such as unwrought metals, leather, etc., there was recorded an increase of 4.4 per cent. in the volume of trade accompanied by a decrease of 0.1 per cent. in average values.

Of the 29 items enumerated on page 25, 17 showed an increased, and 12 a diminished, volume of imports.

The 17 articles which showed an increased volume of imports were:—

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Starch, Farina, Dextrine, &c.	+ 21.3	Hardware and Hollow-ware	+ 7.4
Silk Broadstuffs, mixed ...	+ 17.7	Oil Seed Cake, not sweet-	
Cotton piece goods ...	+ 16.8	ened ...	+ 7.4
Iron and Steel Manufactures	+ 15.1	Tin in blocks, &c. ...	+ 5.9
Clocks and Watches, complete	+ 12.8	Motor Chassis ...	+ 5.8
Copper, unwrought and part		Paper and Paper Wares ...	+ 5.3
wrought ...	+ 12.6	Silk Broadstuffs, pure ...	+ 4.9
Earthenware and Glass ...	+ 9.1	Zinc, and Zinc manufactures	+ 3.7
Machinery ...	+ 8.2	Leather Gloves ...	+ 2.8
Woollen and Worsted Yarn	+ 7.8		

The average values of iron and steel manufactures, clocks and watches, woollen and worsted yarn, leather gloves and paper and paper wares were higher in 1913 than in 1912, but for all the remaining articles enumerated above average values declined.

Among the 12 articles which showed a smaller volume of imports, the more important instances were straw plait (—38.1 per cent.); linen yarn (—29.4 per cent.); copper regulus and precipitate (—24.2 per cent.); paraffin wax (—22.6 per cent.); skins and furs, dressed (—13.6 per cent.); and motor cars, complete (—7.3 per cent.). In the remaining cases, viz.: stones and slates, leather, coal tar dyestuffs, painters' colours and materials, woollen cloths and stuffs, and lead (pig and sheet), the diminution in the volume of trade was small, ranging from (—) 1.3 per cent. for stones and slates to (—) 0.6 per cent. for lead (pig and sheet).

In the case of copper regulus and linen yarn, the diminution in volume of trade was associated with a decline in average values, but for the other articles mentioned, average values advanced.

#### *Changes in the Volume and Value of Exports of United Kingdom Produce and Manufacture.*

Our exports of "food, drink and tobacco" form only a relatively small proportion (about 6 per cent.) of our export trade. Compared with 1912 the exports in 1913 of this group showed a decrease of nearly 2½ per cent. in volume of trade but an increase of 2½ per cent. in average value. Refined (edible) oils increased by 22.9 per cent. in volume of trade and by 12.4 per cent. in average value. The exports of fish, meat and biscuits and cakes increased, whereas the exports of grain and flour and British spirits decreased both in volume and average value.

The exports of "raw materials" increased in declared value by £10,479,000, the increase being due to increased volume of trade and to higher average values in about equal proportions. The volume of exports, in fact, increased by 8.5 per cent. and average values by 8.4 per cent. These results were mainly attributable to coal (including coke and potent fuel), the average value of which increased by 10.1 per cent., while the quantities exported increased by 14.4 per cent. Exports of wool and of hides and skins decreased in volume by 15.9 per cent. and 13.3 per cent. respectively. The average value of the wool exported increased by 13.6 per cent. and that of hides and skins by 7.5 per cent. The exports of oils and oil seeds showed an increase of 6.9 per cent. in volume and a fall of 12.7 per cent. in average value.

We now come to the exports of "Articles wholly or mainly manufactured" (Class III.), by far the most important group, constituting, as it does, nearly 80 per cent. of the total exports of United Kingdom produce and manufacture.

It will be seen that the declared value for Class III. as a whole has risen from £385,028,000 in 1912 to £411,572,000 in 1913, an increase of £26,544,000, or 6.9 per cent. Of this increase, however, £12,297,000 (or 3.1 per cent.) was due to higher average values, the balance, £14,247,000 (or 3.7 per cent.), only being attributable to increased volume of trade.



In this connection the comparison between the increase in the value of exported "manufactures" in 1913 over 1912, with the increase in 1912 over 1911, may be of interest:—

—	Increase in declared value of exported "manufactures" over previous year.	Of which—			
		Due to higher (+) or lower (–) average values.		Due to larger (+) or smaller (–) quantities.	
		Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.
1912 compared with 1911	+ 23,996	+ 3,904	+ 1.6	+ 19,092	+ 5.6
1913 " " 1912	+ 26,544	+ 12,227	+ 3.1	+ 14,317	+ 3.7

The above statement shows that although the increase in the declared value of manufactures exported in 1913 over 1912 was greater than the corresponding increase in 1912 over 1911, yet the increase in the volume of trade in 1913 was smaller than was the case in the previous year.

Turning to details, it will be seen that there was a marked increase in 1913 in the average values of practically every description of manufactured metals, including under that category machinery and ships. The majority of the remaining groups also showed increased average values, though for some important articles—e.g., certain woollen tissues, silk manufactures, hats and bonnets, chemical manures, soda compounds, motor cars (complete), and oil-seed cake, average values declined.

As regards volume of trade, there was an increase in 45 and a decrease in 38 of the 83 articles enumerated on pages 28–9, the net result for the whole group being an increase of 3.7 per cent.

#### *Changes in the Volume of Manufactured Exports.*

Among the manufactured articles exported which showed the greatest proportionate increases in volume may be mentioned:—

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Ships and boats, new ...	+49.1	Leather, undressed and dressed ...	+10.8
Motor cars, complete ...	+43.9	Cycles, complete ...	+ 7.9
Motor cycles, complete ...	+29.5	Woollen tissues:	
Rails, new, perfect ...	+23.0	light, broad, mixed ...	+ 7.8
Copper, and manufactures of ...	+21.1	Iron pipes and fittings, cast ...	+ 6.7
Iron, cast, and manufactures of ...	+20.6	Cotton piece goods, dyed ...	+ 6.3
Rail locomotives ...	+20.1	Iron, wrought, and manufactures of ...	+ 5.7
Textile machinery ...	+18.4	Jute manufactures ...	+ 3.7
Cement ...	+16.2	Cotton piece goods, printed ...	+ 5.6
Coal products, not dyes ...	+15.8	Cotton piece goods, unbleached ...	+ 5.1
Galvanized sheets ...	+15.7	Boots and shoes, leather ...	+ 4.4
Railway wheels and tyres and axles ...	+15.4	Steel in bars, rods, &c. ...	+ 4.3
Woollen tissues:		Motor chassis ...	+ 3.9
heavy, broad, mixed ...	+13.7	Woollen tissues:	
Electrical machinery ...	+12.4	heavy, broad, all wool... ..	+ 3.6
Silk manufactures, other than broadstuffs... ..	+12.4	Paper and paper wares ...	+ 3.4
Manures, chemical ...	+11.9	Manufactures of iron wire ...	+ 3.3
Bags and sacks, empty ...	+11.5	Tinned plates ...	+ 2.9
Yarn, alpaca and mohair ...	+11.2		

In the case of the articles in the foregoing list printed in *italic* type, the increased volume of exports was associated with lower average values. In the remaining cases—with the exception of paper and paper wares which remained unchanged—average values were higher in 1913 than in 1912.

Important diminutions in the volume of exports were shown by :—

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Ship, bridge, boiler, &c., plates: not under $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. thick	- 5.6	Copper sulphate ... ..	-10.1
Sewing machines and parts...	- 6.1	<i>Hardware and hollow-ware</i>	-10.6
Prime movers: agricultural	- 6.2	Worsted tissues: coatings—	
Oil cloth ... ..	- 6.9	broad—mixed ... ..	-10.8
Pig iron ... ..	- 7.2	Cutlery ... ..	-11.7
Linen yarn ... ..	- 7.6	Woolen and worsted yarns...	-12.2
Iron tubes, pipes and fittings, wrought ... ..	- 8.0	Cotton yarn—bleached ...	-13.5
Cotton thread for sewing ...	- 8.1	Cotton yarn—grey ... ..	-13.9
Linen manufactures ... ..	- 8.2	Worsted stuffs—mixed ...	-14.2
Worsted tissues: coatings—		Woolen tissues: light—broad	
broad—all wool ... ..	- 9.7	—all wool ... ..	-14.5
		Jute yarn ... ..	-21.5
		<i>Oil-seed cake</i> ... ..	-31.7

Of the above articles those printed in *italic* type showed lower average values, but the remaining articles in every case showed an increase in average values.

The continuous diminution in the volume of oil-seed cake exported since 1910 has been due to the decline of the exports to Denmark from the high level of 1909-10.

#### *Changes in the Average Values of Manufactured Exports.*

As regards changes in average values, it appears that of the 83 items separately enumerated on pages 28-9, no less than 64 showed higher average values, 17 showed lower average values, while 2 remained practically unchanged.

The following list shows the principal increases in average value.

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Iron and steel: pipes and fittings, cast... ..	+25.2	<i>Worsted tissues:</i>	
Jute manufactures ... ..	+17.8	coatings, broad, mixed .	+ 7.3
Jute yarn ... ..	+15.7	Motor cycles, complete ...	+ 7.3
Cordage, cables, ropes, &c. ...	+13.2	<i>Linen manufactures</i> ... ..	+ 6.8
Iron and steel: tubes, pipes, and fittings—wrought ...	+13.0	Woolen and worsted yarns...	+ 6.6
Pig-iron ... ..	+11.9	Mining machinery ... ..	+ 6.0
Prime movers: agricultural ...	+11.6	Cotton piece goods—un-	
Iron and steel rails, new ...	+11.0	bleached ... ..	+ 6.0
Iron, wrought, in bars, &c. ...	+10.5	Cotton piece goods—coloured	+ 6.0
Copper sulphate ... ..	+10.1	<i>Sewing machines and parts</i> .	+ 5.7
Ship, bridge, boiler, &c., plates: not under $\frac{1}{4}$ -in. thick	+ 9.6	Steel in bars, angles, rods, &c.	+ 5.5
Rail locomotives ... ..	+ 8.5	<i>Cotton yarn—bleached and</i>	
Railway wheels, tyres, and axles ... ..	+ 8.3	dyed ... ..	+ 5.5
Woolen tops ... ..	+ 7.9	Cutlery ... ..	+ 5.4
Cotton yarn—grey ... ..	+ 7.7	Ships and boats, new ...	+ 5.3
Cement ... ..	+ 7.6	<i>Iron Wire — fencing and</i>	
Bags and sacks, empty ...	+ 7.5	other ... ..	+ 4.9
		<i>Carpets and carpet rugs</i> ...	+ 4.6
		Earthenware and glass ...	+ 4.5
		<i>Cotton piece goods—bleached</i>	+ 4.4
		<i>Worsted stuffs—mixed</i> ...	+ 4.4

Of the above articles those printed in *italic* type showed a diminished volume of trade; the remaining articles in every case showed an increase in the volume of exports.

The principal diminutions in average values were as follows :—

	<i>Per cent.</i>		<i>Per cent.</i>
Manures: chemical ... ..	- 3.5	Cotton thread for sewing ...	- 3.8
Soda compounds ... ..	- 2.5	Oil-seed cake ... ..	- 5.6
Hats and bonnets ... ..	- 2.6	Silk manufactures, other than	
Cycles, complete ... ..	- 2.7	broadstuffs ... ..	- 6.9
Woolen tissues: light, broad, mixed ... ..	- 2.8	Silk broadstuffs, pure or mixed	- 8.4
Boilers ... ..	- 2.9	Motor cars, complete ...	-17.6

At the lower average values stated above the volume of exports increased except in the case of boilers, cotton thread for sewing, silk broadstuffs and oil-seed cake.

*Changes in Principal Groups of Exports.*

The following statement shows for a number of important groups of manufactured articles exported their declared value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the value of the exports of 1913 estimated at the average values prevailing in 1912, together with the amount of increase (+) or decrease (—) in volume and price level.

Group.	Declared value in 1913.	Estimated value of Exports in 1913 at price level of 1912.	Declared value in 1912.	Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in 1913 compared with 1912			
				In Volume.		In Price level.	
				Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
Iron and Steel and Manufactures of	1,000 £'s 54,328	1,000 £'s 51,012	1,000 £'s 48,598	1,000 £'s +2,416	Per cent. + 5.0	1,000 £'s +3,316	Per cent. + 6.8
Machinery ... ..	57,028	55,381	53,158	+2,293	+ 6.7	+1,658	+ 3.1
Ships new ... ..	11,031	10,437	7,027	+3,450	+39.1	+1,547	+ 4.7
Cotton Yarns and Fabrics ...	127,207	123,088	122,220	— 132	— 0.1	+5,119	+ 4.2
Woolen Yarns and Fabrics ...	37,687	36,712	37,374	—1,062	— 2.8	+ 975	+ 2.7
Chemical, Drugs, &c. ...	22,512	21,774	21,036	+ 738	+ 3.5	+ 238	+ 1.1
Leather and Manufactures of	5,607	5,499	5,243	+ 251	+ 4.5	+ 158	+ 2.9
Earthenware and Glass ...	5,314	4,987	4,973	+ 14	+ 0.3	+ 227	+ 4.6

Woolens showed a decline of 2.8 per cent. in volume of exports, Cottons showed an insignificant decline, but the remaining groups all showed a larger volume of exports in 1913 than in 1912. Machinery was the only one of the above-mentioned groups to show a fall in price level.

*Changes in the Volume and Value of Re-Exports.*

The increase in the volume of re-exports of food, drink and tobacco in 1913, as compared with 1912, amounted to 6.2 per cent., due mainly to the larger re-exports of wheatmeal and flour, maize, meat, fish, hops, lard, coffee and tea. On the other hand, the re-exports of wheat, rice, butter, cheese, raw fruit, refined (edible) oils, condensed milk, sugar, and wine declined.

The level of average values of the group as a whole showed a decline of 0.6 per cent., mainly due to the lower average values of grain and flour (5.0 per cent.), meat (3.0 per cent.), butter (7.9 per cent.), fish (3.7 per cent.), and coffee (3.7 per cent.). For bacon, raw fruit, lard, raw cocoa, condensed milk, and foreign spirits, average values were distinctly higher.

The re-exports of raw materials constitute more than one-half of our re-export trade, and have shown considerable expansion in recent years. For 1913, however, the volume of trade showed a decrease of 1.3 per cent., due to the smaller re-exports—at higher average values—of raw cotton, wool, hemp, jute, silk, and raw hides and skins. The percentage fluctuations in the volume and value of the foregoing articles were as follows:—

	Decrease in Volume.	Increase in Average Value.		Decrease in Volume.	Increase in Average Value.
	Per cent.	Per cent.		Per cent.	Per cent.
Raw Cotton ...	— 20.4	+ 8.5	Raw Silk ...	— 25.8	+ 10.9
Wool ...	— 9.0	+ 2.8	Hides ...	— 19.7	+ 17.5
Hemp ...	— 3.2	+ 20.4	Undressed Skins		
Jute ...	— 7.5	+ 22.3	and Furs ...	— 2.0	+ 6.9

On the other hand the re-exports of rubber increased by 24.0 per cent. in volume, but decreased by 26.5 per cent. in average value.

Among the remaining articles, tin ore, oil seeds, palm oil, rosin, and gutta percha increased in volume but decreased in average value, while for wood and timber, tallow and stearine, gums, bristles, ivory, and ornamental feathers, the diminished volume of exports was associated with higher average values.

For the group as a whole average values showed a decline of 3.6 per cent.

In the case of manufactures the re-exports of iron and steel manufactures, copper—unwrought and part wrought—leather, paper and paper wares, motor cars and dressed furs and skins increased considerably in volume, while the re-exports of tin in blocks, &c., machinery, cotton piece goods, woollen and worsted cloths and stuffs, and silk broadstuffs showed a decrease, the net result for the class being a small decrease in volume of 0.7 per cent. Average values were 1.9 per cent. higher, due mainly to the higher average values of machinery (10.1 per cent.), cotton piece goods (9.3 per cent.), woollen cloths and stuffs (7.5 per cent.), silk broadstuffs (8.5 per cent.), and leather (5.2 per cent.).

## 3.—Values of Trade in 1901-13 at Prices of 1900.

The following summary table, which has been compiled from the Tables 3 and 4 appended, compares the results of the calculations for 1913 with those for the twelve preceding years.—

Year.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL MERCHANDISE.		NET IMPORTS RETAINED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.		EXPORTS OF PRODUCE AND MANUFACTURES OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.	
	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.
Thousand £ ('000 omitted)								
1900 ... ..	523,075	523,075	63,182	63,182	459,893	459,893	291,192	291,192
1901 ... ..	531,990	538,503	67,842	69,028	464,148	469,575	290,022	294,041
1902 ... ..	548,391	551,729	65,815	67,617	482,576	484,112	293,424	312,159
1903 ... ..	542,000	555,841	63,574	65,946	478,426	488,895	290,800	320,304
1904 ... ..	551,039	563,343	70,304	69,340	480,735	494,005	300,711	327,449
1905 ... ..	565,020	573,303	77,380	74,761	487,640	498,742	322,617	359,899
1906 ... ..	607,888	588,711	83,102	75,819	522,786	513,392	375,575	386,917
1907 ... ..	645,808	599,245	91,947	79,046	553,860	520,199	426,035	418,878
1908 ... ..	593,935	573,579	79,624	73,790	513,329	500,789	377,104	384,940
1909 ... ..	624,705	594,820	91,845	86,034	533,300	514,786	378,189	401,164
1910 ... ..	678,257	606,341	103,761	81,537	574,490	524,804	420,385	437,536
1911 ... ..	690,158	621,514	102,759	83,739	577,399	540,775	451,119	451,119
1912 ... ..	744,642	672,295	111,788	89,914	632,903	582,381	487,223	478,408
1913 ... ..	769,084	693,279	109,656	89,799	659,378	603,480	526,461	497,350

The above figures indicate that, both for total Imports and for net Imports and also for Exports of United Kingdom produce there was a continuous increase in volume year by year, from 1900 to 1907, followed by a general decline in 1908. In each of these categories, however, the volume of trade in 1909 was greater than in 1908, but was still below the high level of 1907. For Re-exports, the progress in the volume of trade showed some fluctuations in the years preceding 1907, but in 1909 the Re-export trade was greater in volume than in any earlier year.

The general upward tendency noticeable in 1909 has continued, and the figures given above show that for all branches of our foreign trade the volume of trade in 1913 was the greatest ever recorded.

In most years the variations in the declared value and in the volume of trade have been the same in direction, though different in extent.

It may be convenient to express the figures given in the above table as percentages of the figures for 1900, and this is done in the following statement, where the figure 100 represents the values of Imports and of Exports in 1900:—

Year.	IMPORTS.		EXPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL MERCHANDISE.		NET IMPORTS RETAINED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.		EXPORTS OF PRODUCE AND MANUFACTURES OF THE UNITED KINGDOM.	
	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.	Values as declared.	Estimated Values at prices of 1900.
1900 ... ..	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1901 ... ..	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1902 ... ..	99.8	105.0	107.4	109.3	96.8	102.1	96.2	101.0
1903 ... ..	101.0	105.5	104.2	107.0	100.6	105.0	97.3	107.2
1904 ... ..	103.7	108.7	110.1	110.7	102.9	106.2	99.9	110.1
1905 ... ..	105.3	107.7	111.8	109.7	104.5	107.8	103.0	112.5
1906 ... ..	108.0	109.6	129.1	118.3	105.9	108.4	113.3	123.6
1907 ... ..	116.2	113.5	134.7	119.2	118.7	111.6	129.0	132.9
1908 ... ..	120.5	114.6	145.6	126.1	120.4	113.1	146.3	145.4
1909 ... ..	118.4	109.7	136.0	115.2	111.6	108.9	129.5	133.2
1910 ... ..	119.4	113.7	144.6	126.7	116.0	111.9	129.9	137.8
1911 ... ..	129.7	115.9	164.2	129.1	124.9	114.1	147.8	150.8
1912 ... ..	130.0	119.4	162.6	132.5	125.6	117.6	156.0	155.7
1913 ... ..	145.4	128.5	175.9	142.3	137.6	126.6	167.8	164.3
1914 ... ..	147.0	132.5	179.6	142.1	143.4	131.2	180.5	170.6

Thus, when we eliminate the effect of variations of average values, Imports are seen to have increased in volume by 32·5 per cent. since 1900, Exports of the Produce and Manufactures of the United Kingdom by 70·8 per cent., Exports of Foreign and Colonial Merchandise by 42·1 per cent. and net Imports retained in the United Kingdom by 31·2 per cent. In the same period the declared values of Imports have increased by 17·0 per cent., of the United Kingdom Exports by 80·5 per cent., of Foreign and Colonial Exports by 73·6 per cent., and of Net Imports by 43·4 per cent.

#### 4.—Detailed Comparison of 1900 and 1913.

The detailed Tables 4 (A-D) on pages 32-35 show for each year from 1900 to 1913, inclusive, the value of our Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and for each of their three main sub-divisions, viz. :—“Food, Drink and Tobacco,” “Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured” and “Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured,” (1) their value as declared, and (2) their value estimated at the average values of 1900, together with the aggregate increase (+) or decrease (—) in the declared value of the trade of each year as compared with 1900 (the standard year), distinguishing further the increase or decrease due to higher or lower average values, and the increase or decrease due to larger or smaller quantities. The percentage changes are stated in all cases. These tables furnish the material for the following analyses.

##### *Changes in the Volume and Value of Total Imports.*

The following statement shows for total Imports and for the Classes “Food and Drink,” “Raw Materials” and “Manufactures” separately their value as declared in 1900 and 1913 respectively, as well as the values of the Imports in 1913 estimated at the average values of 1900.—

Class of Imports	1900.	1913.	
	Value as declared.	Value as declared.	Estimated Value at prices of 1900
	Thousands £'s	Thousands £'s	Thousands £'s
Total Imports ... ..	523,075	769,034	635,279
of which:			
Class I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco ...	219,970	290,397	252,818
Class II.—Raw Materials, &c. ...	172,030	281,024	246,167
Class III.—Manufactures ... ..	128,410	198,666	191,509

For all classes of Imports (including miscellaneous and undclassified articles) the declared value amounted to £523,075,000 in 1900 and to £769,034,000 in 1913, an increase in the interval of £245,959,000, or 47·0 per cent. £170,204,000, or more than two-thirds of this increase was due to increased volume of trade, and the remainder £75,755,000 to higher values. The increase in volume, therefore, amounted to 32·5 per cent. Average values in 1913 were 10·9 per cent. above those of 1900.

CLASS I.—*Food, Drink and Tobacco.*—This Class comprised 42 per cent. of the declared value of the total Imports in 1900, and barely 38 per cent. in 1913. The declared value of our total Imports of the articles included in this group amounted to £219,970,000 in 1900, and £290,397,000 in 1913, an increase of £70,427,000 or 32·0 per cent. Of this increase it appears that £33,848,000 was due to increased volume of Imports, and £36,579,000 was due to higher values. Compared with 1900, the volume of trade in 1913 showed an increase of 15·4 per cent., and average values an increase of 11·4 per cent. Average values of imports of food and drink were little different from those of 1900 in the period from 1901 to 1906, but from that year increased until in 1913 they were 16·9 per cent. greater than in 1900. In 1913 average values were below the level of 1912, but still above the level of any other year since 1900.

CLASS II.—*Raw Materials and Articles mainly unmanufactured.*—This Class, which constituted 33 per cent. of the total Imports in 1900, comprised 37 per cent. of the total Imports in 1913. The declared value of the total Imports of the articles

included in the Class amounted to £172,030,000 in 1900 and to £281,924,000 in 1913, an increase of £109,894,000 or 63·9 per cent. Of this increase £74,137,000—or more than two-thirds—was due to increased volume of trade, and £35,757,000 was due to higher average values. The volume of Imports has therefore increased by 43·1 per cent. and average values by 14·5 per cent. From 1900 to 1904 the growth in the volume of these Imports was relatively small, not exceeding  $5\frac{1}{2}$  per cent. in any one year. A considerable increase occurred in 1905 and from that year with the exception of 1908 and in a lesser degree 1909, the growth has been fairly continuous. From 1901 to 1905 average values were either lower than, or approximately on the same level as in 1900. A considerable rise occurred in 1906 and 1907, which was not wholly maintained in 1908 and 1909, though average values in the two latter years remained above the level of 1900–5. In 1910, however, average values showed a further sharp rise, and reached the highest level attained since 1900. In 1911 and 1912, average values, though still high, did not reach the level of 1910, while in 1913 they were about on the same level as in 1911.

**CLASS III.—Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured.**—This Class constituted about one-fourth of the Total Imports, in both 1900 and 1913. In the former year the declared value of this Class of Imports amounted to £128,410,000, and in the latter year to £193,606,000, an increase of £65,196,000 or 50·8 per cent. The increase in the volume of trade amounted to 49·5 per cent., average values having very slightly increased on the whole during the period. The volume of trade in each of the last thirteen years has been greater than in 1900. Average values were lower than in 1900 in every year except 1906–7 and 1912–13.

#### *Changes in the Volume and Value of Re-Exports.*

The following statement shows the declared values of the Re-Exports (Exports of Foreign and Colonial produce) in the years 1900 and 1913, respectively, the estimated value of the Re-Exports of 1913 at the average values of 1900, together with similar particulars for each of their principal sub-divisions, viz., "Food and Drink," "Raw Materials," and "Manufactures":—

Class of Re-Exports	1900	1913	
	Value as declared	Value as declared	Estimated Value at the Prices of 1900
	Thousand £'s	Thousand £'s	Thousand £'s
Total Re-exports ... ..	63,182	109,656	89,799
of which:			
Class I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco ...	11,902	15,341	13,366
Class II.—Raw Materials, &c. ... ..	32,814	64,604	52,458
Class III.—Manufactures ... ..	18,391	29,521	23,413

The total declared value of the Re-Exports amounted to £63,182,000 in 1900 and to £109,656,000 in 1913, an increase in the interval of £46,474,000 or 73·6 per cent. Of this increase more than one-half—£26,617,000—was due to increased volume of trade, and the remainder—£19,857,000—to higher average values.

There has in fact been an increase of 42·1 per cent. in the volume of trade, and one of 22·1 per cent. in average values.

The principal increases due to fluctuations in volume of trade and in price-level have occurred in Class II. of the Re-Exports, i.e., Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured. The re-exports of this Class have grown in declared value from £32,814,000 in 1900, to £64,656,000 in 1913, an increase of no less £31,242,000 or 95·2 per cent. Of this increase £19,644,000 was due to greater volume of re-exports and £11,598,000 to higher values. There was thus an increase of 59·9 per cent. in the volume of these re-exports and one of 22·1 per cent. in their average value. This group is dominated by three important commodities, viz.:—raw cotton, wool, and rubber which together account for nearly two-thirds of the Class. The declared values

of these three articles in 1900 and in 1913 respectively and the "estimated" values of these re-exports in the year 1913 at the average values of 1900 were as follows:—

	In 1900.		1913.	
	Value as declared.		Value as declared.	Estimated Value at Prices of 1900
	Million £s.	Million £s.	Million £s.	Million £s.
Declared value of the Re-Exports of:—				
Raw Cotton ... ..	4.8	9.1	5.7	
Wool: Shag's and Lambs' ... ..	7.4	12.4	11.7	
Crude Rubber ... ..	3.8	14.8	11.6	
Total of above ... ..	16.0	37.5	29.0	
All other Raw Materials ... ..	16.8	26.8	23.5	
Total for Class II. ... ..	32.8	64.1	52.5	

The declared values of the re-exports of cotton, wool and rubber, collectively, have thus increased by £21,300,000 or 133 per cent., whilst the declared value of all other articles included in this group increased by only £10,000,000 or 60 per cent. The quantity of cotton re-exported has increased by 18.7 per cent., that of wool by 58.1 per cent., and that of rubber by 205.3 per cent. The average value of raw cotton has increased by 59.8 per cent., that of wool by 14.5 per cent., and that of rubber by 27.6 per cent.

#### *Changes in the Volume and Value of Net Imports.*

The following statement shows the declared values of the Net Imports retained in the United Kingdom in the years 1900 and 1913, respectively, the estimated value of the Net Imports of 1913 at the average values of 1900, together with similar particulars for each of the principal classes into which our trade is divided:—

Class of Net Imports.	1900.	1913.	
	Value as declared.	Value as declared.	Estimated Value at the Prices of 1900.
	Thousand £s.	Thousand £s.	Thousand £s.
Total Net Imports ... ..	459,893	659,378	603,480
of which:			
Class I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco ... ..	208,008	274,456	240,432
Class II.—Raw Materials, &c. ... ..	139,216	217,868	193,709
Class III.—Manufactures ... ..	110,119	164,054	168,436

The declared value of the Net Imports has increased from £459,893,000 in 1900 to £659,378,000 in 1913, an increase in the period under review amounting to £199,485,000 or 43.4 per cent. Seven-tenths of the increase—£143,587,000—was accounted for by the increased volume of imports retained, while the balance of the increase—£55,898,000—was due to higher average values. The volume of net imports increased by 31.2 per cent., and the level of average values by 9.3 per cent.

The Net Imports of *Food, Drink and Tobacco* (Class I.) were valued at £208,008,000 in 1900, and at £274,456,000 in 1913, thus showing an increase of £66,448,000, or 31.9 per cent. Nearly one-half—£82,414,000—of this increase was attributable to larger volume of trade, and the remainder—£34,004,000—to higher average values. The volume of net imports retained increased by 15.6 per cent., and average values by 14.2 per cent.

The declared value of the Net Imports of *Raw Materials* (Class II.) amounted to £139,216,000 and to £217,868,000 in 1900 and 1913 respectively. There was thus a total increase during the thirteen years of £78,652,000, or 56.5 per cent., of which

£54,493,000, or 39·1 per cent., was due to greater volume of trade. The increase due to higher average values amounted to £24,159,000, or 12·5 per cent.

The Net Imports of "Manufactures" increased from £110,119,000 in 1900 to £164,083,000 in 1913, the declared value in the latter year thus exceeded that in the former by £53,966,000, or 49·0 per cent. In this class the volume of trade increased by 53·0 per cent., but average values declined by 2·6 per cent.

It will thus be seen that the increase in the volume of net imports of "Manufactures," has been proportionately greater than the increase in the volume of either "Food, Drink, and Tobacco," or "Raw Materials." It must, however, be remembered that the class of "Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured" includes a considerable proportion of articles in early stages of manufacture, which are used as materials for British industry.

*Changes in the Volume and Value of the Exports of United Kingdom Produce.*

The following statement shows the declared values of the Exports of all articles of United Kingdom produce and manufacture in the years 1900 and 1913, and the estimated value of the Exports of 1913 at the average values of 1900, together with similar particulars for each principal class of exports, viz., "Food, drink and tobacco," "Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured," and "Articles wholly or mainly manufactured."

Class of Exports	1900.	1913.	
	Value as declared.	Value as declared.	Estimated Value at the Prices of 1900.
	Thousand £s.	Thousand £s.	Thousand £s.
Total Exports of United Kingdom Produce ... ..	291,192	525,461	497,350
of which:			
Class I.—Food, Drink and Tobacco ... ..	14,045	32,608	31,902
Class II.—Raw Materials, &c. ... ..	44,567	69,896	77,151
Class III.—Manufactures ... ..	228,502	411,572	375,761

It will be seen that the total value of our Exports has grown from £291,192,000 in 1900, to £525,461,000 in 1913, an increase of £234,269,000 or 80·5 per cent. The bulk of this increase, viz., £205,058,000 was due to the larger volume of exports, the increase in the declared values accounting for only £28,211,000. The volume of trade has in fact increased by 70·8 per cent., compared with 1900, whilst the level of average values has increased by 5·7 per cent.

The exports of articles of *Food, drink and tobacco (Class I.)* are small and only constitute 6 per cent. of our total exports; they have, however, more than doubled during the past twelve years, and are now valued at about £32,608,000.

While the declared value of the exports of *Class II.—Raw materials and articles mainly unmanufactured*—has grown from £44,987,000 in 1900 to £69,896,000 in 1913, the proportion this class bears to our total exports has fallen from 15 per cent. in 1900 to 13½ per cent. in 1913. The volume of trade in 1913 was greater by 71·5 per cent. than in 1900, but there was a fall amounting to 9·4 per cent. in average values, the net result for the class being an increase in the declared values of £24,909,000 or 55·4 per cent. The figures for this group are dominated by those relating to coal, the declared value of which was £36,410,000 in 1900 and £50,727,000 in 1913, an increase of £14,317,000 or about 39 per cent. The actual tonnage exported, however, rose from 44,089,000 tons in 1900 to 73,400,000 tons in 1913, an increase of 66½ per cent. in the period. This greatly increased quantity of coal was exported in 1913 at an average value lower by 16·3 per cent. than in 1900, prices of coal in the latter year having reached a higher level than in any year since 1874. In other words, if the average values prevailing in 1900 had obtained in 1913 the exports of coal in the latter year would have realised £60,606,000 instead of £50,727,000. The remaining articles included in the group have increased by 92·6 per cent. in volume and by 5·0 per cent. in average value.



The exports of "*Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured*" (Class III.) have shown greater expansion than any other branch of our trade. In 1900 the declared value of this class amounted to £228,302,000, and in 1913 to £411,572,000, an increase since 1900 of £183,270,000 or 80·3 per cent., the major portion (£147,452,000) being due to increased volume of trade. The volume of the exports in this group has in fact increased by 64·6 per cent. as compared with 1900, and the average value by 9·5 per cent.

The increase in volume of trade in this group has been general. All the sub-groups have contributed their quota, though there have been important diminutions in the exports of individual articles, e.g., pig iron, cotton yarns, cotton thread for sewing, worsted stuffs, flannels and delaines, (pure) silk broadstuffs, silk lace and articles thereof, haberdashery and millinery, jewellery, slates for roofing, and umbrellas and parasols.

The following statement shows the declared values of Manufactured Exports in the years 1900 and 1913, and the estimated value of these Exports in 1913 at the average values of 1900, distinguishing separately the principal groups of manufactured exports, viz., "Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof," "Cotton Yarns and Fabrics," "Woollen Yarns and Fabrics," and "Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colours."

Group of Manufactured Exports.	1900.	1913.	
	Value as Declared.	Value as Declared.	Estimated Value at the Prices of 1900.
(a) Actual Amounts.			
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.
Total Exports of Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured ... ..	228,302	411,572	375,761
of which:			
Iron and Steel, and Manufactures thereof ...	31,623	54,523	61,390
Cotton Yarns and Fabrics ... ..	69,750	127,507	95,325
Woollen Yarns and Fabrics ... ..	26,796	37,687	31,742
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colours... ..	13,154	22,012	26,068
(b) Percentage Fluctuation.			
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Total Exports of Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured ... ..	100	180·3	164·6
Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof ...	100	171·8	193·5
Cotton Yarns and Fabrics ... ..	100	182·4	136·1
Woollen Yarns and Fabrics ... ..	100	139·4	118·4
Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colours... ..	100	167·3	198·6

Thus when we eliminate the effect of variations of average values, the Exports of articles wholly or mainly manufactured (Class III.) are seen to have increased in volume by 64·6 per cent. since 1900. For Iron and Steel Manufactures, however, the increase in the volume of exports (93·5 per cent.) was greater, but in the cases of Cottons (38·1 per cent.), Woollens (33·4 per cent.) and Chemicals (52·6 per cent.) was less, than for the Class (III.) as a whole.

As regards the level of average values it appears that for Class III. as a whole it was—as stated above—9·5 per cent. higher in 1913 than in 1900. For Iron and Steel goods, however, it was 11·2 per cent. below, while for Cottons, Woollens, and Chemicals it was 32·9 per cent., 18·7 per cent., and 9·7 per cent., respectively, above the level of 1900.

## 5.—Fluctuations since 1900 in the level of Average Values.

In Table No. 6 the broad changes in the level of average values of total imports, re-exports, net imports, and exports of United Kingdom produce, and of each principal class of articles imported and exported, are set out in the form of index numbers, the level of average values in 1900 being taken as 100.

The extent to which values have fluctuated differs widely in the different branches of trade. Taking the 14 years covered by the Table, the average value of imports has ranged from 95·8 in 1902 to 111·9 in 1910, a range of about 16 per cent. The very great range of fluctuations in the re-exports from 97·3 in 1902 to 127·3 in 1910, or a range of nearly 30 per cent., is, of course, mainly due to the dominating position of cotton and rubber, the prices of which have fluctuated greatly in recent years. The average values of United Kingdom exports have ranged from 90·7 in 1903, to 105·7 in 1913, a range of about 15 per cent.

Speaking generally it may be said that after a preliminary fall in the first two or three years of the period, average values rose again in nearly every case until 1907. In 1908 and 1909 values, both of raw materials and manufactured articles, were again lower, but recovered in 1910, fell a little in 1911, and resumed their upward tendency in 1912 and 1913.

It is noteworthy that imported foodstuffs did not share in this decline in average value in 1908 and 1909, the index number rising steadily year by year from 98·2 in 1904 to 111·6 in 1910. This index number was slightly lower in 1911 than in 1910 or 1909, reached its highest point in the period under review—116·9—in 1912, and declined to 114·4 in 1913.

In the case of imported raw materials, the average values of 1907 were exceeded in 1910, 1911, and 1913, but in 1912 were below the level of 1907. Manufactured imports in 1912 and 1913 though higher in average value than in either of the intervening years did not attain the level of 1907. On the other hand the average values of exports of manufactures (United Kingdom produce) were higher in 1913 than in any other year included in the return.

On the whole it would appear that during recent years the average values of British exports has been increasing more rapidly than those of imported raw materials and food.

In considering the figures it should be borne in mind that the changes in average values include such changes as may be due to alterations in the quality of goods separately enumerated in the Trade Returns as well as changes due to alterations in actual prices.

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May, 1914.

# STATISTICAL TABLES.

## EXPLANATORY NOTES.

The first two of the following Tables compare the Trade of 1913 with that of 1912 by the "step-by-step" method first adopted in the corresponding return for 1912 [Cd. 6314], (a) by Principal Statistical sub-divisions and (b) by Principal Articles. The remaining Tables comprise Summary and Detailed Tables in which the Trade of each year since 1900 is compared with the Trade of that year.

The particulars throughout the Tables are calculated to the nearest thousand pounds sterling.

The groups into which imports and exports are divided in these Tables are in the main identical with those in the published Annual Statements of Trade. Owing to the fact that various revisions have been made from time to time in the classification of articles included in each group in the Annual Statement—articles in one group in an earlier year being classed in other groups in later years, or being divided up or re-arranged and re-distributed among the different groups—it has not been found possible to keep the group totals absolutely identical with those published in the Annual Statements for some of the years prior to 1911. As far as possible, in cases in which articles are included in the Annual Statements for the earlier years in groups other than those to which they are now assigned, the groups have in these Tables been reconstituted on the basis of the classification employed in the Annual Statement for the year 1912. A comparison of the figures in these Tables with those published in the Annual Statement of Trade, &c., will show that the divergencies are, for the most part, of no great importance.

The declared values of the Imports represent the cost, insurance, and freight, or, when goods are consigned for sale, the latest sale value of such goods.

The declared values of the Exports and Re-exports represent the costs and the charges of delivering the goods on board the ship, and are known as the "free on board" values.

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 1.—DETAILED TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce and for each of their principal Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared in 1913 and 1912, respectively, their "Estimated" Value at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded increase or decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities.

## (A).—TOTAL IMPORTS.

Class and Group	Value of all Articles included in each Principal Group.			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.					
	In 1912.		In 1913.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-).		Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912.	Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values			Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities			
			Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.
<b>I. Food, Drink and Tobacco—</b>									
A. Grains and Flour	85,225	85,568	85,468	- 2,068	- 2.4	- 4,658	- 5.0	+ 1,490	+ 1.7
B. Meat, including Animals for Food	55,744	55,584	48,080	+ 3,664	+ 15.6	+ 4,159	+ 7.9	+ 3,514	+ 7.2
C. Other Food and Drink:									
1. Non-Durable	51,595	52,116	77,313	+ 3,947	+ 5.1	- 898	- 1.0	+ 4,797	+ 5.2
2. Durable	56,791	56,320	56,334	- 545	- 0.1	- 5,823	- 9.2	+ 5,266	+ 9.1
D. Tobacco	8,058	7,790	9,359	+ 1,705	+ 26.9	+ 673	+ 9.2	+ 1,033	+ 18.2
<b>Total, Class I</b>	<b>200,297</b>	<b>205,206</b>	<b>280,388</b>	<b>+ 9,809</b>	<b>+ 3.5</b>	<b>- 4,499</b>	<b>- 2.2</b>	<b>+ 16,218</b>	<b>+ 5.6</b>
<b>II. Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured—</b>									
A. Coal, Coke and Manufactured Fuel	37	35	277	- 240	- 85.6	- 2	- 5.7	- 262	- 87.4
B. Iron Ore, Scrap Iron and Steel	7,433	7,164	4,224	+ 1,254	+ 19.5	+ 298	+ 3.8	+ 945	+ 15.2
C. Other Metallic Ores	10,897	9,482	9,050	+ 1,377	+ 12.5	+ 715	+ 7.0	+ 422	+ 4.7
D. Wood and Timber	32,789	32,553	28,351	+ 5,432	+ 19.8	+ 1,226	+ 3.8	+ 4,196	+ 14.8
E. Cotton	70,871	62,643	60,230	- 9,638	- 12.6	- 7,618	- 12.1	- 17,266	- 21.5
F. Wool	37,787	36,236	30,986	+ 1,219	+ 3.3	- 1,469	- 4.1	- 270	- 0.7
G. Other Textile Materials	10,751	11,799	10,378	+ 1,723	+ 6.8	+ 2,432	+ 14.2	- 1,379	- 5.9
H. Oil Seeds, Nuts, Oils, Fats and Greases	41,036	42,068	37,610	+ 4,217	+ 11.3	- 632	- 1.9	+ 4,649	+ 12.4
I. Hides and Undressed Skins	13,068	12,975	12,650	+ 1,378	+ 10.1	+ 1,903	+ 7.8	- 285	- 2.1
J. Paper-Making Materials	5,834	5,002	5,603	- 249	- 4.5	+ 154	+ 2.3	- 99	- 1.7
K. Miscellaneous:									
Rubber	23,125	27,567	21,580	- 1,055	- 4.9	- 7,042	- 25.5	+ 5,987	+ 27.7
Other Articles	15,314	18,244	18,144	+ 1,399	+ 6.6	- 79	- 0.4	+ 1,330	+ 6.2
<b>Total, Class II</b>	<b>261,924</b>	<b>274,330</b>	<b>273,688</b>	<b>+ 4,250</b>	<b>+ 3.3</b>	<b>+ 1,624</b>	<b>+ 2.8</b>	<b>- 1,398</b>	<b>- 0.5</b>
<b>III. Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured—</b>									
A. Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof	15,531	14,950	12,902	+ 2,206	+ 17.8	+ 311	+ 2.1	+ 1,908	+ 15.1
B. Other Metals and Manufactures thereof	32,102	32,771	23,107	+ 906	+ 2.0	- 629	- 2.0	+ 1,674	+ 5.0
C. Cutlery, Hardware, Implements (except Machine Tools) and Instruments	7,777	7,422	4,944	+ 384	+ 5.0	- 46	- 0.6	+ 431	+ 6.2
D. Electrical Goods and Apparatus (other than Machinery and Telegraphs and Telephone Wire)	1,587	1,792	1,438	+ 329	+ 8.8	- 266	- 11.5	+ 335	+ 22.9
E. Machinery	7,582	7,382	6,821	+ 461	+ 6.8	- 100	- 1.4	+ 561	+ 8.2
F. Ships (new)	34	34	34	-	-	-	-	-	-
G. Manufactures of Wood and Timber (including Furniture)	3,583	3,544	2,874	+ 709	+ 24.7	+ 39	+ 1.1	+ 670	+ 23.3
H. Yarns and Textile Fabrics:									
1. Cotton	12,240	12,974	11,512	+ 737	+ 6.4	- 335	- 2.6	+ 1,062	+ 8.2
2. Wool	10,450	10,200	10,112	+ 378	+ 7.7	+ 230	+ 2.8	- 88	- 0.9
3. Silk	15,116	16,283	14,250	+ 790	+ 5.0	- 387	- 1.1	+ 967	+ 6.5
4. Other Materials	8,120	8,372	8,300	+ 239	+ 2.7	+ 737	+ 9.0	- 618	- 5.8
I. Apparel	5,063	6,006	6,961	- 90	- 1.0	- 27	- 0.4	- 33	- 0.5
J. Chemicals, Dyeing, Dyestuffs and Colors	12,507	12,546	12,360	+ 301	+ 2.0	+ 361	+ 2.9	-	-
K. Leather and Manufactures thereof (including Gloves, bags, saddling, Boots and Shoes)	12,431	13,906	14,343	- 912	- 6.4	+ 520	+ 4.1	- 1,438	- 10.9
L. Earthenware and Glass	4,246	4,569	4,279	+ 207	+ 5.2	- 123	- 2.4	+ 330	+ 8.1
M. Paper	7,075	7,619	7,535	+ 449	+ 6.1	- 50	- 0.7	+ 394	+ 5.3
N. Railway Carriages and Trucks (not of Iron, Motor Cars, Cycles, Carts, &c.)	3,359	3,553	3,121	+ 683	+ 6.6	- 1,158	- 12.1	+ 1,064	+ 31.2
O. Miscellaneous	24,827	25,123	23,965	+ 592	+ 2.8	+ 104	+ 1.5	+ 171	+ 0.7
<b>Total, Class III</b>	<b>168,806</b>	<b>183,713</b>	<b>182,497</b>	<b>+ 8,130</b>	<b>+ 4.4</b>	<b>- 107</b>	<b>- 0.1</b>	<b>+ 8,246</b>	<b>+ 4.4</b>
<b>IV. Miscellaneous and Unclassified (including Parcel Post)</b>									
	3,107	3,064	2,918	+ 189	+ 6.3	+ 43	+ 1.4	+ 146	+ 5.9
<b>TOTAL IMPORTS</b>	<b>769,094</b>	<b>767,883</b>	<b>744,043</b>	<b>+ 24,268</b>	<b>+ 3.3</b>	<b>+ 1,151</b>	<b>+ 0.1</b>	<b>+ 23,542</b>	<b>+ 3.1</b>

PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE I.—DETAILED TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Provinces and for each of their principal Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared in 1913 and 1912, respectively, their "Estimated" Value at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

(B).—RE-EXPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.

Class and Group.	Value of all Articles included in each Principal Group			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.							
	In 1913.		In 1912	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-).		Of which					
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912.	As Declared			Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities		Amount.	Proportion.
						Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.		
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.		
<b>I. Food, Drink and Tobacco—</b>											
A. Grain and Flour	1,655	1,743	1,928	—	282	—	14.6	—	68	—	10.1
B. Meat, including Animals for Food	2,130	2,397	1,426	+	704	+	49.4	—	67	—	3.0
C. Other Food and Drink:											
1. Not dutiable	5,029	5,345	5,596	+	39	+	0.7	+	64	+	1.2
2. Dutiable	6,202	6,299	5,923	+	339	+	5.7	—	37	—	0.6
D. Tobacco	203	229	217	+	48	+	22.1	+	36	+	15.7
<b>TOTAL, CLASS I</b>	<b>15,941</b>	<b>16,932</b>	<b>15,994</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>5.6</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>0.6</b>
<b>II. Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured—</b>											
A. Coal, Coke and Manufactured Fuel	3	11	—	+	3	—	8	—	72.7	+	11
B. Iron Ore, Scrap Iron and Steel	9	9	11	—	2	—	18.2	—	—	—	—
C. Other Metallic Ores	563	568	545	—	79	—	12.5	—	22	—	3.8
D. Wood and Timber	834	820	888	—	49	—	5.6	—	14	—	1.7
E. Cotton	9,143	8,424	10,287	—	1,444	—	13.6	—	719	—	8.5
F. Wool	13,534	13,210	14,311	—	337	—	6.5	—	354	—	2.6
G. Other Textile Materials	5,288	4,281	4,735	+	553	+	12.4	+	397	+	20.4
H. Oil Seeds, Nuts, Oils, Fats and Gums	5,682	5,538	5,130	—	54	—	1.3	+	144	+	2.6
I. Hides and Undressed Skins	8,411	7,650	8,255	+	150	+	1.9	—	718	—	9.2
J. Paper-making Materials	288	250	337	—	39	—	11.6	—	1	—	0.3
K. Miscellaneous:											
Rubber	14,537	20,196	16,287	—	1,450	—	8.9	—	5,359	—	25.5
Other Articles	5,414	6,298	5,512	+	302	+	1.9	+	149	+	2.8
<b>TOTAL, CLASS II</b>	<b>64,658</b>	<b>66,441</b>	<b>67,286</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3,230</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,365</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3.6</b>
<b>III. Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured—</b>											
A. Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof	321	330	278	+	43	+	15.5	—	9	—	2.7
B. Other Metals and Manufactures thereof	8,315	8,553	8,062	—	547	—	4.0	—	188	—	2.0
C. Cutlery, Hardware, Implements (except Machine Tools) and Instruments	1,513	1,597	1,623	—	83	—	5.1	—	56	—	3.6
D. Electrical Goods and Apparatus (other than Machinery and Telegraph and Telephone Wires)	240	247	223	+	16	+	6.2	—	7	—	2.8
E. Machinery	1,306	1,180	1,371	—	34	—	2.7	+	119	+	10.0
F. Ships (new)	5	4	1	+	4	+	490.0	+	1	+	25.0
G. Manufactures of Wood and Timber (including Furniture)	589	588	534	+	573	+	84.4	+	23	+	3.7
H. Yarns and Textile Fabrics—											
1. Cotton	2,236	2,168	2,256	—	18	—	0.8	—	73	—	3.2
2. Wool	1,284	1,274	1,266	+	18	+	1.4	—	19	—	0.8
3. Silk	1,708	1,626	1,624	—	165	—	8.6	—	142	—	8.7
4. Other Materials	2,577	2,328	2,268	+	189	+	4.8	—	345	—	17.2
I. Apparel	842	839	860	—	18	—	2.1	—	3	—	0.4
J. Chemicals, Drugs, Dyestuffs and Colours	1,441	1,414	1,522	—	169	—	7.1	—	27	—	1.7
K. Leather and Manufactures thereof (including Gloves, but excluding Boots and Shoes)	2,437	2,329	2,274	+	163	+	7.1	+	108	+	4.6
L. Earthenware and Glass	166	170	159	+	57	+	23.3	—	18	—	10.1
M. Paper	291	331	183	+	106	+	57.3	—	40	—	12.2
N. Railway Carriages and Trucks (with or without Motor Cars, Cycles, Carts, &c.)	612	1,004	634	+	124	+	15.4	—	122	—	11.5
O. Miscellaneous	3,180	3,124	3,260	—	71	—	2.2	+	65	+	2.0
<b>TOTAL, CLASS III</b>	<b>20,321</b>	<b>20,300</b>	<b>20,183</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>3.4</b>
<b>IV. Miscellaneous and Unclassified (including Parcel Post)</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>18.3</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>5.3</b>
<b>TOTAL RE-EXPORTS</b>	<b>106,036</b>	<b>111,205</b>	<b>111,738</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,082</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,920</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1.7</b>

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1933 WITH THAT OF 1932.

TABLE 1.—DETAILED TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Not Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce and for each of their principal Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared in 1933 and 1932, respectively, their "Estimated" Value at the Average Values prevailing in 1932, the recorded increase or decrease in 1933 as compared with 1932, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities.—continued.

(C).—NET IMPORTS (I.E., TOTAL IMPORTS LESS RE-EXPORTS).

Class and Group.	Value of all Articles included in each Principal Group.			Increase or Decrease in 1933 compared with 1932.							
	In 1933.		In 1932.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—)				Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1932.	As Declared.					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
								Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
<b>I. Food, Drink and Tobacco—</b>											
A. Grain and Flour	88,873	88,543	88,528	— 2,085	— 2.1	— 4,379	— 5.0	+ 1,585	+ 1.9		
B. Meat, including Animals for Food	51,614	50,397	47,684	+ 4,008	+ 14.6	+ 4,237	+ 9.4	+ 2,363	+ 5.8		
C. Other Food and Drink:											
1. Non-Drinkable	75,007	76,551	71,729	+ 3,958	+ 5.4	— 814	— 1.0	+ 4,822	+ 6.7		
2. Drinkable	32,529	38,421	53,411	— 682	— 1.7	— 5,092	— 10.1	+ 5,010	+ 9.6		
D. Tobacco	7,869	7,101	6,542	+ 1,641	+ 27.0	+ 542	+ 9.0	+ 1,019	+ 16.6		
<b>Total, Class I</b>	<b>274,486</b>	<b>280,773</b>	<b>206,494</b>	<b>+ 8,962</b>	<b>+ 3.4</b>	<b>— 6,347</b>	<b>— 2.2</b>	<b>+ 16,779</b>	<b>+ 5.8</b>		
<b>II. Raw Materials and Articles mainly Unmanufactured—</b>											
A. Coal, Coke and Manufactured Fuel	34	26	277	— 243	— 67.7	+ 39	+ 41.7	— 223	— 88.3		
B. Iron Ore, Scrap Iron and Steel	7,624	7,355	6,298	+ 1,216	+ 16.4	+ 396	+ 3.9	+ 947	+ 12.9		
C. Other Metallic Ores	5,034	8,897	8,415	+ 1,215	+ 14.4	+ 737	+ 8.0	+ 479	+ 5.7		
D. Wood and Timber	32,005	31,333	27,474	+ 5,481	+ 22.9	+ 1,522	+ 3.9	+ 4,559	+ 15.6		
E. Cotton	64,476	64,229	62,632	— 4,594	— 11.9	+ 6,899	+ 10.7	— 15,123	— 21.7		
F. Wool	24,213	23,888	23,657	+ 2,136	+ 9.8	+ 1,125	+ 4.6	+ 1,011	+ 4.7		
G. Other Textile Materials	34,463	12,908	13,873	+ 690	+ 4.3	+ 1,535	+ 12.6	— 945	— 7.6		
H. Oil Seeds, Nuts, Oils, Fats and Grease	35,054	36,030	31,643	+ 4,381	+ 12.6	— 576	— 1.6	+ 4,897	+ 16.4		
I. Hides and Curried Skins	4,087	5,202	5,435	+ 1,322	+ 29.5	+ 375	+ 6.9	+ 947	+ 15.6		
J. Papermaking Materials	5,534	8,363	8,290	+ 283	+ 5.5	+ 155	+ 3.9	+ 133	+ 2.5		
K. Miscellaneous:											
Rubber	6,688	1,371	5,293	+ 385	+ 7.6	— 1,683	— 22.8	+ 2,078	+ 36.3		
Other Articles	13,000	13,079	12,872	+ 1,030	+ 8.0	— 79	— 0.6	+ 1,177	+ 9.2		
<b>Total, Class II</b>	<b>217,898</b>	<b>297,859</b>	<b>206,302</b>	<b>+ 9,490</b>	<b>+ 4.4</b>	<b>+ 10,000</b>	<b>+ 4.8</b>	<b>— 673</b>	<b>— 0.3</b>		
<b>III. Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured—</b>											
A. Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof	14,910	14,590	12,684	+ 2,226	+ 17.9	+ 729	+ 2.9	+ 1,994	+ 15.0		
B. Other Metals and Manufactures thereof	23,787	24,283	22,534	+ 1,203	+ 5.6	— 502	— 2.1	+ 1,353	+ 7.8		
C. Cotton, Hardware, Implements (except Machine Tools) and Instruments	5,836	5,825	5,368	+ 468	+ 8.7	+ 11	+ 0.2	+ 477	+ 8.5		
D. Electrical Goods and Apparatus (other than Machinery and Telegraph and Telephone Wire)	1,347	1,516	1,122	+ 115	+ 9.2	— 199	— 12.9	+ 384	+ 23.5		
E. Machinery	5,977	6,126	6,530	+ 427	+ 7.7	— 219	— 3.6	+ 646	+ 11.6		
F. Ships (new)	29	59	33	— 4	— 22.1	— 21	— 62.6	+ 17	+ 51.5		
G. Manufactures of Wood and Timber (including Furniture)	2,094	2,075	2,558	+ 486	+ 27.6	+ 18	+ 0.6	+ 418	+ 16.3		
H. Yarns and Textile Fabrics—											
1. Cotton	10,911	10,464	9,259	+ 753	+ 8.2	— 385	— 3.8	+ 1,159	+ 12.4		
2. Wool	9,899	8,926	8,495	+ 369	+ 4.1	+ 280	+ 3.1	+ 89	+ 0.9		
3. Silk	13,348	13,687	12,422	+ 926	+ 7.6	— 300	— 2.5	+ 1,230	+ 9.8		
4. Other Materials	6,732	6,344	6,625	+ 130	+ 2.9	+ 608	+ 6.4	— 278	— 4.2		
I. Apparel	6,139	5,169	5,181	— 62	— 0.8	— 36	— 0.6	— 12	— 0.2		
J. Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colors	11,386	10,902	11,014	+ 392	+ 2.3	+ 334	+ 3.1	— 82	— 0.7		
K. Leather and Manufactures thereof (including Hides, but excluding Boots and Shoes)	10,804	10,076	12,047	— 1,073	— 8.9	+ 618	+ 4.9	— 1,691	— 12.4		
L. Earthenware and Glass	4,320	4,480	4,120	+ 230	+ 5.5	+ 141	+ 3.1	+ 578	+ 9.0		
M. Paper	7,384	7,288	7,030	+ 334	+ 4.7	+ 96	+ 1.3	+ 328	+ 2.4		
N. Railway Carriages and Trains (not of Iron), Motor Cars, Cycles, Taxis, &c.	7,417	8,452	7,035	+ 388	+ 6.4	— 1,034	— 12.2	+ 1,416	+ 20.1		
O. Miscellaneous	23,738	23,912	22,705	+ 633	+ 2.8	+ 326	+ 1.4	+ 367	+ 1.6		
<b>Total, Class III</b>	<b>691,985</b>	<b>744,723</b>	<b>756,378</b>	<b>+ 7,807</b>	<b>+ 0.9</b>	<b>— 638</b>	<b>— 0.4</b>	<b>+ 8,445</b>	<b>+ 0.4</b>		
<b>IV. Miscellaneous and Unclassified (including Parcel Post)</b>											
	2,860	2,533	2,749	+ 220	+ 8.9	+ 36	+ 1.2	+ 184	+ 6.7		
<b>TOTAL NET IMPORTS</b>	<b>909,376</b>	<b>930,288</b>	<b>682,903</b>	<b>+ 26,475</b>	<b>+ 4.3</b>	<b>+ 3,666</b>	<b>+ 0.3</b>	<b>+ 23,353</b>	<b>+ 3.1</b>		

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE I.—DETAILED TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce and for each of their principal Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared in 1913 and 1912, respectively, their "Estimated" Value at the Average Prices prevailing in 1913, the recorded increase or decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

## (D).—EXPORTS (UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE).

Class and Group.	Values of all Articles included in each Principal Group of Exports.			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.					
	In 1913.		In 1912.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—)		Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Value of 1913.	As Declared.			Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
				Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
<b>I. Food, Drink and Tobacco—</b>									
A. Grains and Flour	3,065	3,792	4,228	— 974	— 15.9	— 287	— 5.7	— 687	— 10.5
B. Meat, including Animals for Food	1,226	1,331	1,103	+ 198	+ 12.3	+ 398	+ 9.5	+ 38	+ 2.5
C. Other Food and Drink	24,428	23,084	24,720	— 292	— 1.2	+ 139	+ 3.1	— 1,027	— 4.2
D. Tobacco	3,370	3,288	2,510	+ 157	+ 28.9	+ 83	+ 2.5	+ 674	+ 25.7
<b>Total, Class I</b>	<b>32,669</b>	<b>32,494</b>	<b>32,561</b>	<b>— 78</b>	<b>— 0.2</b>	<b>+ 764</b>	<b>+ 2.2</b>	<b>— 792</b>	<b>— 2.4</b>
<b>II. Raw Materials and Articles mainly Manufactured—</b>									
A. Coal, Coke and Manufactured Fuel	52,409	48,737	42,584	+ 11,075	+ 26.9	+ 4,902	+ 10.1	+ 4,153	+ 14.4
B. Iron Ore, Scrap Iron and Steel	412	376	493	— 9	— 2.7	+ 36	+ 9.6	— 33	— 8.1
C. Other Metallic Ores	131	127	135	+ 16	+ 12.9	+ 4	+ 3.1	+ 32	+ 10.4
D. Wood and Timber	343	321	284	+ 16	+ 4.9	+ 19	+ 5.9	— 3	— 0.9
E. Cotton	4,565	4,922	4,818	— 213	— 4.4	— 523	— 12.6	— 766	— 15.9
F. Wool	455	489	475	— 40	— 8.4	— 54	— 11.9	+ 34	+ 8.9
G. Other Textile Materials									
H. Oil Seeds, Nuts, Oils, Fats and Gums	4,471	4,835	4,968	— 97	— 2.1	— 384	— 7.5	+ 207	+ 5.8
I. Hides and Undressed Skins	1,889	1,758	2,025	— 139	— 6.6	+ 121	+ 7.5	— 579	— 13.8
J. Paper-making Materials	960	907	998	— 32	— 3.4	+ 53	+ 5.8	— 31	— 2.3
K. Miscellaneous	3,964	3,878	3,168	— 774	— 5.8	+ 118	+ 4.1	— 222	— 9.5
<b>Total, Class II</b>	<b>66,925</b>	<b>64,473</b>	<b>59,417</b>	<b>+ 10,479</b>	<b>+ 17.6</b>	<b>+ 5,438</b>	<b>+ 8.4</b>	<b>+ 5,041</b>	<b>+ 8.5</b>
<b>III. Articles wholly or mainly Manufactured—</b>									
A. Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof	54,328	54,012	46,338	+ 3,739	+ 11.8	+ 3,316	+ 6.8	+ 3,416	+ 5.0
B. Other Metals and Manufactures thereof	13,288	12,787	12,294	+ 1,004	+ 8.9	+ 501	+ 3.9	+ 503	+ 4.1
C. Cutlery, Hardware, Implements (except Machine Tools) and Instruments	7,974	7,025	9,309	— 135	— 1.7	+ 349	+ 4.5	— 484	— 6.0
D. Electrical Goods and Apparatus (other than Machinery and Telegraph and Telephone Wire)	5,493	6,940	4,343	+ 1,063	+ 24.2	— 1,335	— 20.1	+ 2,508	+ 56.8
E. Machinery	37,898	30,381	33,158	+ 3,070	+ 11.7	+ 1,647	+ 4.7	+ 2,223	+ 6.7
F. Ships (new)	11,423	10,477	7,627	+ 4,004	+ 62.6	+ 554	+ 6.3	+ 2,450	+ 40.1
G. Manufactures of Wood and Timber (including Furniture)	2,688	1,964	2,603	— 51	— 1.9	+ 74	+ 2.8	— 98	— 4.6
H. Yarns and Textile Fabrics:									
1. Cotton	127,267	122,048	122,220	+ 4,987	+ 4.1	+ 5,119	+ 4.2	— 128	— 0.1
2. Wool	37,687	30,127	37,774	— 57	— 0.5	+ 975	+ 2.7	— 1,008	— 2.8
3. Silk	2,107	2,237	2,550	— 69	— 3.1	— 180	— 7.7	+ 111	+ 5.6
4. Other Materials	14,326	13,541	14,576	+ 250	+ 1.7	+ 1,894	+ 9.5	— 1,030	— 7.1
I. Apparel	16,486	16,541	15,723	+ 763	+ 4.5	+ 165	+ 1.0	+ 528	+ 3.4
J. Cosmetics, Drugs, Dyes and Colours	22,012	21,774	21,020	+ 725	+ 4.6	+ 338	+ 1.1	+ 738	+ 3.5
K. Leather and Manufactures thereof (including Boots and Shoes)	5,677	5,499	5,245	+ 469	+ 7.8	+ 153	+ 2.9	+ 253	+ 4.8
L. Earthenware and Glass	5,214	6,987	4,973	+ 241	+ 4.5	+ 227	+ 4.6	+ 14	+ 0.8
M. Paper	3,979	3,679	3,520	+ 129	+ 3.4	—	—	+ 129	+ 3.4
N. Railway Carriages and Trucks (not of Iron), Motor Cars, Cycles, Carts, &c.	11,374	12,548	9,738	+ 1,636	+ 16.6	— 974	— 7.9	+ 2,520	+ 26.5
O. Miscellaneous	34,241	33,863	30,308	+ 3,883	+ 5.8	+ 378	+ 1.1	+ 1,903	+ 6.7
<b>Total, Class III</b>	<b>411,372</b>	<b>399,275</b>	<b>395,829</b>	<b>+ 24,544</b>	<b>+ 4.9</b>	<b>+ 12,297</b>	<b>+ 3.1</b>	<b>+ 14,247</b>	<b>+ 3.7</b>
<b>IV. Miscellaneous and Unclassified (including Parcel Post)</b>	<b>11,385</b>	<b>10,755</b>	<b>10,992</b>	<b>+ 1,393</b>	<b>+ 12.3</b>	<b>+ 636</b>	<b>+ 5.9</b>	<b>+ 643</b>	<b>+ 6.6</b>
<b>TOTAL EXPORTS</b>	<b>425,441</b>	<b>404,412</b>	<b>407,233</b>	<b>+ 38,538</b>	<b>+ 7.8</b>	<b>+ 19,949</b>	<b>+ 3.8</b>	<b>+ 19,189</b>	<b>+ 3.9</b>

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DRAUGHT STATEMENT showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Estimated" Value of the Trade of 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities.

## (A).—TOTAL IMPORTS.

Article.	Value of Imports			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.							
	1913		1912.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—).				Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912	As Declared.					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
				Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.		
I. ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.											
Wheat	1,900 £'s.	1,900 £'s.	1,899 £'s.	1,900 £'s.	Per cent.	1,900 £'s.	Per cent.	1,900 £'s.	Per cent.	1,900 £'s.	Per cent.
Wheat	43,851	44,896	43,445	2,594	+ 5.6	1,633	+ 3.7	1,549	+ 3.3	908	+ 17.8
Wheatmeal and flour	6,348	6,487	6,310	+ 329	+ 5.2	239	+ 3.8	908	+ 14.4	908	+ 14.4
Barley	8,077	8,175	7,872	+ 265	+ 3.3	499	+ 6.1	904	+ 11.3	904	+ 11.3
Oats	5,028	5,114	4,934	+ 164	+ 3.3	821	+ 16.4	24	+ 0.4	24	+ 0.4
Malt or Indian corn	13,779	13,779	13,555	+ 224	+ 1.6	1,450	+ 10.6	1,636	+ 12.0	1,636	+ 12.0
Rice	2,328	2,303	2,659	— 331	— 14.3	154	— 6.1	420	— 18.0	420	— 18.0
Other Articles	3,454	3,775	3,860	— 334	— 9.6	351	— 9.1	25	— 0.4	25	— 0.4
Total Grain and Flour	83,238	83,286	83,456	— 2,058	— 2.4	4,428	+ 5.3	1,430	+ 1.7	1,430	+ 1.7
Animals, Living	306	297	1,097	— 791	— 257.5	8	+ 2.7	716	— 70.5	716	— 70.5
Beef*	10,071	10,074	12,474	— 2,397	— 23.8	97	+ 0.9	2,306	— 22.9	2,306	— 22.9
Mutton*	39,223	39,284	40,009	— 786	— 2.0	639	+ 1.6	235	+ 0.6	235	+ 0.6
Pork*	1,300	1,323	831	+ 469	+ 36.1	43	+ 3.2	426	+ 32.4	426	+ 32.4
Bacon	17,420	16,258	14,506	+ 2,914	+ 19.7	2,171	+ 14.2	743	+ 4.9	743	+ 4.9
Meat, other	3,954	2,990	2,729	+ 1,225	+ 30.7	678	+ 17.5	547	+ 13.8	547	+ 13.8
Preserved Meat	8,797	3,191	3,683	+ 5,106	+ 58.1	516	+ 16.3	308	+ 9.6	308	+ 9.6
Other Articles	2,472	3,674	3,249	+ 392	+ 15.8	196	+ 7.9	196	+ 7.9	196	+ 7.9
Total Meat and Animals for Food	56,744	52,384	49,080	+ 7,664	+ 13.6	4,120	+ 7.9	3,014	+ 5.8	3,014	+ 5.8
Butter	26,384	26,158	24,554	+ 1,830	+ 7.0	1,084	+ 4.1	814	+ 3.1	814	+ 3.1
Cheese	7,033	7,378	7,434	— 401	— 5.7	243	+ 3.4	36	+ 0.5	36	+ 0.5
Eggs	9,891	9,492	8,333	+ 1,158	+ 12.2	59	+ 0.7	1,097	+ 11.6	1,097	+ 11.6
Fish	4,481	5,015	3,812	+ 1,203	+ 27.0	334	+ 7.5	1,103	+ 24.2	1,103	+ 24.2
Fruct, Raw	11,025	11,668	11,210	+ 815	+ 7.4	828	+ 7.5	115	+ 1.0	115	+ 1.0
Hops	1,752	1,849	1,720	+ 129	+ 7.4	96	+ 5.5	129	+ 7.4	129	+ 7.4
Lard	4,018	5,569	5,008	+ 561	+ 13.9	81	+ 2.0	480	+ 12.0	480	+ 12.0
Margarine	3,518	3,945	2,514	+ 1,434	+ 40.8	27	+ 0.7	451	+ 12.8	451	+ 12.8
Oil, Refined	2,469	2,303	2,491	— 122	— 5.0	108	+ 4.4	278	+ 11.2	278	+ 11.2
Onions	1,833	1,262	1,303	— 471	— 25.8	234	+ 12.8	34	+ 2.6	34	+ 2.6
Potatoes	2,589	2,824	1,716	+ 1,103	+ 42.6	294	+ 11.3	1,813	+ 61.7	1,813	+ 61.7
Tomatoes	1,349	1,273	1,146	+ 203	+ 17.7	76	+ 6.0	127	+ 11.1	127	+ 11.1
Raw	2,235	2,040	1,949	+ 286	+ 12.8	253	+ 12.5	91	+ 4.7	91	+ 4.7
Preparations of	1,899	1,872	1,694	+ 205	+ 10.8	3	+ 0.2	208	+ 16.7	208	+ 16.7
Coffee	3,935	3,156	2,819	+ 1,116	+ 35.4	181	+ 5.8	937	+ 29.3	937	+ 29.3
Peas	1,397	1,000	1,096	— 697	— 50.0	73	+ 5.3	64	+ 5.4	64	+ 5.4
Milk, Condensed	1,218	1,431	1,533	— 315	— 25.8	108	+ 8.9	122	+ 9.9	122	+ 9.9
Sugar	2,167	2,273	2,210	— 43	— 2.0	86	+ 3.7	55	+ 2.5	55	+ 2.5
Refined	18,374	18,586	18,371	+ 203	+ 1.1	3,670	+ 19.9	1,878	+ 10.2	1,878	+ 10.2
Unrefined	10,086	13,596	11,779	+ 1,807	+ 17.9	2,893	+ 21.3	1,813	+ 18.4	1,813	+ 18.4
Tea	1,087	1,087	1,087	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Foreign Spirits	4,843	4,843	4,843	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wine	4,843	4,843	4,843	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other Articles	5,465	5,510	5,602	— 37	— 0.7	465	+ 8.4	308	+ 5.6	308	+ 5.6
Total of other Food and Drink	140,037	141,636	136,433	+ 5,604	+ 4.0	6,778	+ 4.8	38,183	+ 27.3	38,183	+ 27.3
Tobacco	8,008	7,384	6,329	+ 1,679	+ 20.9	473	+ 5.8	1,024	+ 12.6	1,024	+ 12.6
Total, Class I	299,297	299,806	289,588	+ 9,709	+ 3.2	6,400	+ 2.2	10,213	+ 3.4	10,213	+ 3.4
II. RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MANUFACTURED THEREFROM.											
Iron Ore	7,945	6,792	4,028	+ 1,817	+ 26.7	293	+ 4.3	704	+ 10.3	704	+ 10.3
Copper Ore	1,903	913	903	+ 1,000	+ 110.7	92	+ 10.1	28	+ 3.1	28	+ 3.1
Manganese ore	1,243	1,191	768	+ 425	+ 35.6	394	+ 32.6	425	+ 35.6	425	+ 35.6
Pyrites of Iron and Copper	1,346	1,357	1,459	— 113	— 8.3	307	+ 21.0	292	+ 21.4	292	+ 21.4
Tin Ore	8,300	2,800	2,401	+ 5,900	+ 225.0	410	+ 14.1	468	+ 16.4	468	+ 16.4
Wood and Timber	12,769	12,769	28,577	— 15,808	— 124.5	1,394	+ 10.9	4,106	+ 32.2	4,106	+ 32.2
Cotton, Raw	79,571	62,933	80,230	— 6,659	— 8.4	7,414	+ 11.1	17,284	+ 27.3	17,284	+ 27.3

\* Includes Froth, Chalk and Bones.



## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DETAILED STATEMENT showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Estimated" Value of the Trade of 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the amount of such Increase or Decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

## (A).—TOTAL IMPORTS—continued.

Article.	Value of Imports.			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.							
	1913.		1912.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-).				Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912.						Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities.	
								Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
II. RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED—contd.											
Wool .. .. .	37,197	36,298	36,266	+ 1,219	+ 3.3	+ 1,480	+ 4.1	270	— 0.7	—	—
Flax .. .. .	4,771	4,733	4,850	— 122	- 2.5	— 38	- 0.8	100	— 2.3	—	—
Hemp .. .. .	4,336	3,680	3,903	+ 545	+ 14.4	+ 670	+ 18.0	122	— 3.2	—	—
Jute .. .. .	9,247	7,602	8,243	+ 906	+ 10.8	+ 1,045	+ 23.0	740	— 8.9	—	—
Silk .. .. .	1,296	1,164	1,447	— 151	- 10.4	— 112	- 9.6	262	+ 18.2	—	—
Oil Seeds .. .. .	13,553	15,345	12,157	+ 1,798	+ 14.8	+ 2,825	+ 27.2	4,931	+ 38.6	—	—
Oil .. .. .	18,279	15,745	15,741	+ 2,539	+ 16.1	+ 3,325	+ 36.0	4	— 0.0	—	—
Tallow and Stearins .. .. .	3,452	3,375	3,286	— 168	- 4.7	— 37	- 1.1	305	+ 7.7	—	—
Hides .. .. .	1,121	1,387	1,243	— 126	- 16.2	— 196	- 18.2	88	+ 5.9	—	—
Hides, raw .. .. .	5,847	5,071	5,633	+ 194	+ 3.4	+ 774	+ 13.3	552	+ 10.2	—	—
Skins and Furs .. .. .	3,221	3,204	3,627	+ 1,184	+ 36.7	+ 30	+ 0.9	897	+ 19.8	—	—
Perfumery Materials .. .. .	3,858	3,602	3,367	+ 245	+ 6.5	+ 154	+ 3.7	56	+ 1.7	—	—
Rubber .. .. .	20,525	27,507	21,180	— 1,055	- 4.9	— 7,042	- 25.5	5,597	+ 27.7	—	—
Feathers, Ornamental .. .. .	3,330	3,572	3,698	— 432	- 13.9	— 42	- 1.2	474	+ 13.3	—	—
Quills, Percha .. .. .	1,371	1,445	743	+ 628	+ 80.0	— 71	- 4.0	697	+ 63.6	—	—
Magazines—Chemical .. .. .	2,625	2,780	2,525	+ 323	+ 12.2	+ 56	+ 2.0	275	+ 11.0	—	—
Other Articles .. .. .	20,191	19,943	20,581	— 339	- 1.5	— 349	- 1.8	609	— 2.7	—	—
TOTAL, CLASS II .. .. .	281,924	274,300	275,048	+ 4,526	+ 2.3	+ 7,524	+ 2.8	— 1,366	— 0.5	—	—
III. ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED.											
Iron and Steel Manufactures .. .. .	15,231	14,320	12,952	+ 2,389	+ 17.5	+ 311	+ 2.1	1,908	+ 15.1	—	—
Copper .. .. .	1,449	1,023	2,908	— 129	- 27.8	— 74	- 4.9	465	+ 26.2	—	—
Regalia and Precipitate .. .. .	5,520	7,717	6,554	+ 666	+ 9.7	— 197	- 2.6	841	+ 12.6	—	—
Lead, Pig and Sheet .. .. .	3,718	3,332	3,374	+ 386	+ 4.0	+ 165	+ 4.7	22	— 0.6	—	—
Tin, in Blocks, Ingots, &c. .. .. .	9,252	9,485	9,370	+ 232	+ 3.1	+ 243	+ 2.6	635	+ 9.9	—	—
Zinc, and Manufactures .. .. .	3,880	4,334	4,179	— 199	- 4.8	— 354	- 8.9	155	+ 3.7	—	—
Hardware and Hollow-ware .. .. .	1,266	1,287	1,291	— 95	- 7.4	— 1	- 0.1	96	+ 7.4	—	—
Clocks and Watches, Complete .. .. .	7,717	7,711	7,517	+ 200	+ 13.2	+ 6	+ 0.4	144	+ 12.8	—	—
Machinery .. .. .	7,282	7,282	6,923	+ 491	+ 6.8	— 100	- 1.4	341	+ 9.2	—	—
Cotton Piece Goods .. .. .	3,373	3,441	2,964	+ 469	+ 13.8	— 86	- 2.5	487	+ 16.8	—	—
Woolen and Worsted Yarn .. .. .	3,333	3,419	3,172	+ 361	+ 11.4	+ 114	+ 3.8	347	+ 7.6	—	—
Clothes and Stuffs .. .. .	5,244	5,243	5,204	+ 99	+ 0.9	+ 53	+ 1.0	31	— 0.4	—	—
Silk .. .. .	7,739	7,843	7,478	+ 261	+ 3.0	— 166	- 1.4	307	+ 4.9	—	—
Broadstuffs—Pure .. .. .	2,822	2,845	2,434	+ 398	+ 15.4	— 33	- 1.2	431	+ 17.7	—	—
Linon Yarn .. .. .	1,115	1,135	1,007	+ 489	+ 39.4	— 17	- 1.0	472	+ 39.4	—	—
Good hat Dyed .. .. .	1,893	1,798	1,619	+ 74	+ 4.1	+ 65	+ 2.0	21	+ 1.2	—	—
Paints, Oils and Materials .. .. .	1,952	1,911	1,934	— 18	- 0.9	+ 41	+ 2.1	55	+ 1.2	—	—
Leathers .. .. .	10,372	10,143	11,726	— 1,153	- 9.8	— 429	- 4.2	1,262	+ 12.5	—	—
Unfinished and Dressed .. .. .	1,800	1,751	1,654	+ 106	+ 4.3	— 19	- 0.4	47	+ 2.6	—	—
Gloves .. .. .	4,344	4,359	4,273	+ 297	+ 6.2	— 123	- 2.6	309	+ 9.1	—	—
Footwear and Paper Ware .. .. .	7,675	7,619	7,554	+ 641	+ 6.1	+ 56	+ 0.7	388	+ 5.3	—	—
Paper .. .. .	1,718	1,600	1,827	— 89	- 4.9	+ 48	+ 2.8	137	+ 7.5	—	—
Complete .. .. .	1,805	2,012	1,902	— 7	- 0.4	— 318	- 5.9	131	+ 8.8	—	—
Unfinished .. .. .	2,430	2,603	2,449	+ 43	+ 1.6	+ 143	+ 5.2	194	+ 7.4	—	—
Paraffin Wax .. .. .	864	915	1,182	— 198	- 18.8	+ 49	+ 7.5	207	+ 22.6	—	—
Painting of Straw .. .. .	354	369	1,443	— 438	- 32.9	+ 61	+ 6.8	646	+ 38.1	—	—
Skins and Furs, Dressed .. .. .	1,902	1,280	1,482	— 79	- 4.7	+ 273	+ 21.2	263	+ 13.4	—	—
Starch, Dextrin, Gum, and .. .. .	1,311	1,307	1,110	+ 182	+ 17.2	— 46	- 3.4	228	+ 23.3	—	—
Potato Flour .. .. .	1,277	1,270	1,267	— 19	- 0.6	+ 7	+ 0.5	17	+ 1.3	—	—
Starch and Starch .. .. .	77,432	77,718	72,895	+ 4,527	+ 6.2	— 281	- 0.4	4,866	+ 6.6	—	—
Other Articles .. .. .	102,606	102,712	102,967	+ 8,139	+ 6.4	— 107	- 0.1	8,246	+ 4.4	—	—
TOTAL, CLASS III .. .. .	2,107	3,064	2,918	+ 199	+ 0.3	+ 43	+ 1.4	146	+ 5.0	—	—
IV. MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED											
TOTAL IMPORTS .. .. .	709,934	707,062	744,043	+ 24,393	+ 3.0	+ 1,551	+ 0.1	23,245	+ 3.1	—	—

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DETAILED STATEMENTS showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Revised" Value of the Trade of 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the Amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values, and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

## (B).—RE-EXPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE.

Article	Value of Re-exports.			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.					
	1913		1912.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—)		Of which			
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912	As Declared.			Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities	
				Amount	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount	Proportion.
<b>I. ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.—</b>	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.
Tobacco—									
Wheat	185	183	258	— 83	— 31.0	— 2	— 1.1	— 85	— 31.7
Wheatmeal and Flour	141	140	81	— 60	— 74.1	— 1	— 0.7	— 59	— 72.4
Rice	697	727	825	— 128	— 45.5	— 40	— 5.4	— 88	— 46.7
Maize	208	231	162	— 50	— 55.6	— 22	— 16.3	— 119	— 73.6
Other Articles	330	402	602	— 272	— 35.9	— 22	— 5.3	— 250	— 33.2
<b>Total Grain and Flour</b>	<b>1,455</b>	<b>1,543</b>	<b>1,928</b>	<b>— 463</b>	<b>— 16.6</b>	<b>— 85</b>	<b>— 5.4</b>	<b>— 459</b>	<b>— 19.1</b>
Animals, Living	32	25	—	— 32	—	—	—	— 32	—
Bacon	436	371	307	— 65	— 41.7	— 64	— 17.3	— 64	— 38.5
Preserved Meat	322	330	654	— 332	— 35.1	— 2	— 0.2	— 334	— 34.7
Other Articles	849	973	583	— 324	— 67.0	— 133	— 13.7	— 479	— 33.4
<b>Total Meat and Animals for Food</b>	<b>2,139</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>1,436</b>	<b>— 704</b>	<b>— 49.4</b>	<b>— 67</b>	<b>— 2.8</b>	<b>— 773</b>	<b>— 54.3</b>
Butter	545	633	715	— 169	— 18.8	— 60	— 7.9	— 109	— 11.6
Cheese	226	232	245	— 19	— 2.0	— 6	— 2.4	— 13	— 5.3
Fish	1,203	1,300	1,343	— 139	— 9.6	— 48	— 3.7	— 127	— 13.7
Fruit, Raw	994	827	1,699	— 705	— 7.1	— 37	— 6.1	— 668	— 13.6
Eggs	79	207	37	— 128	— 38.6	— 28	— 30.2	— 59	— 37.7
Lard	925	779	880	— 155	— 49.1	— 89	— 11.5	— 166	— 38.8
Oils, Refined	125	116	157	— 32	— 30.4	— 9	— 7.4	— 41	— 26.1
Pepper	148	141	156	— 8	— 3.1	— 7	— 5.0	— 15	— 9.6
Cocoa									
Raw	475	456	328	— 147	— 23.7	— 39	— 14.2	— 108	— 10.1
Preparations of	55	57	48	— 7	— 14.6	—	—	— 7	— 14.6
Coffee	1,815	1,653	1,634	— 162	— 12.8	— 70	— 3.7	— 279	— 17.1
Currants	27	28	39	— 12	— 5.0	— 1	— 2.6	— 11	— 6.7
Raisins	41	55	39	— 14	— 5.1	— 14	— 25.5	— 15	— 41.1
Milk, Condensed	68	65	96	— 28	— 29.8	— 3	— 4.4	— 31	— 32.8
Sugar									
Refined	13	14	33	— 20	— 60.6	— 1	— 7.1	— 19	— 57.6
Unrefined	49	51	155	— 107	— 68.0	— 3	— 5.9	— 104	— 67.1
Tea	2,809	2,642	2,604	— 165	— 7.9	— 33	— 1.2	— 228	— 9.8
Foreign Spirits	244	233	249	— 15	— 1.7	— 11	— 4.7	— 7	— 2.9
Wine	493	467	535	— 42	— 7.3	— 9	— 1.8	— 46	— 9.6
Other Articles	1,490	1,471	1,699	— 113	— 7.0	— 25	— 3.7	— 138	— 8.6
<b>Total of Other Food and Drink</b>	<b>11,821</b>	<b>11,864</b>	<b>11,532</b>	<b>— 343</b>	<b>— 3.3</b>	<b>— 37</b>	<b>— 6.2</b>	<b>— 381</b>	<b>— 3.9</b>
Tobacco	293	229	217	— 46	— 22.1	— 36	— 16.7	— 12	— 5.5
<b>TOTAL, CLASS I</b>	<b>15,941</b>	<b>15,933</b>	<b>15,904</b>	<b>— 37</b>	<b>— 0.6</b>	<b>— 102</b>	<b>— 9.6</b>	<b>— 493</b>	<b>— 3.3</b>
<b>II. RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED.—</b>									
Iron Ore	9	9	11	— 2	— 18.2	—	—	— 2	— 18.2
Flux Ore	84	383	337	— 249	— 8.8	— 38	— 11.0	— 10	— 4.7
Wool and Timber	831	820	882	— 49	— 5.5	— 14	— 1.7	— 63	— 7.3
Cotton, Raw	9,143	8,426	10,597	— 1,444	— 13.6	— 719	— 9.0	— 725	— 20.4

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DETAILED STATEMENT showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Estimated" Value of the Trade in 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the Amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values, and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

## (B).—RE-EXPORTS OF FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE—continued.

Article.	Value of Re-exports			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.							
	1913.		1912	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-).		Of which					
	As Declared	Estimated at Average Values of 1912.	As Declared			Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities.		Amount.	Proportion.
						Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.		
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.		
<b>I RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED— contd.</b>											
Wool	13,574	13,210	14,511	—	537	—	6.5	—	364	—	2.8
Flax	161	169	179	—	9	—	5.6	—	8	—	4.7
Brass	1,520	1,583	1,309	+	217	+	16.6	—	259	+	20.4
Iron	2,475	2,441	2,075	+	402	+	15.1	—	434	+	22.3
Soft	108	92	124	—	22	—	27.7	—	10	—	10.6
(a) Seeds	70	85	68	+	2	+	2.9	—	25	+	28.3
(b) Fats	1,308	1,314	1,311	—	3	—	0.2	—	5	—	0.5
Tallow and Stearine	1,449	1,613	1,555	+	34	+	2.3	—	19	—	3.1
Gums	315	289	220	+	2	+	0.8	—	14	+	5.6
Berries	25	23	33	—	2	—	3.8	—	5	—	12.7
Stalks, Saw	2,132	1,798	2,249	—	158	—	8.7	—	214	—	17.0
Stems and Pans, Unpressed	4,259	5,665	4,693	+	564	+	4.7	—	464	+	6.9
Paper-making Materials	258	299	331	—	39	—	11.4	—	1	—	0.3
Stalks	459	300	432	+	17	+	4.2	—	30	+	6.0
Drum	454	380	462	+	12	+	3.0	—	28	+	7.3
Rubber	15,827	20,190	16,887	—	1,450	—	8.0	—	5,200	—	26.5
Feathers, Ornamental	2,302	2,045	2,665	—	9	—	0.4	—	37	—	1.8
Gutta Percha	112	125	66	+	39	+	36.2	—	15	—	10.4
Other Articles	4,018	4,713	5,693	—	115	—	2.8	—	206	—	4.3
<b>Total, Class II</b>	<b>64,026</b>	<b>65,441</b>	<b>67,286</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3,239</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,385</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3.6</b>
<b>II ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED—</b>											
Iron and Steel and Manufactures											
Sheet	321	330	378	+	43	+	15.5	—	9	—	2.7
Copper, Unwrought and part											
Wrought	1,329	1,414	1,625	+	294	+	26.9	—	75	—	5.3
Tin in Blocks, Ingots, &c.	4,147	6,229	6,764	—	607	—	9.0	—	92	—	1.3
Hardware and Hollow ware	39	75	61	+	19	+	37.3	—	8	—	6.7
Clocks and Watches, Complete	217	227	213	+	4	+	1.9	—	18	+	4.4
Neckties	1,266	1,189	1,271	+	35	+	2.8	—	139	+	10.1
Cotton Piece Goods	365	279	366	—	4	—	1.3	—	56	—	9.3
Woolen and Worsted Yarn	51	51	45	+	2	+	4.1	—	—	—	—
Stuffs											
Shells	650	620	696	—	10	—	1.5	—	45	—	7.3
Sts. Broadcloth, Fine or Mixed	499	501	524	—	35	—	6.4	—	68	—	8.5
Parasols, Colours and Materials	32	42	34	—	1	—	2.0	—	9	—	21.4
Leather, Unpressed and Dressed	2,091	1,568	1,861	+	299	+	10.6	—	103	+	5.2
Gloves of Leather	266	264	305	—	29	—	12.8	—	2	—	0.8
Knitwear and Glass	890	178	159	+	37	+	25.3	—	18	—	10.1
Paper and Paper Waste	231	332	185	+	393	+	67.3	—	40	—	12.1
Motor Cars, Complete, and Chassis	493	606	883	—	47	—	6.9	—	90	—	10.8
Stems and Pans, Dressed	499	414	385	+	15	+	3.0	—	14	—	3.4
Other Articles	14,447	14,806	14,127	+	349	+	2.4	—	462	—	3.2
<b>Total, Class III</b>	<b>23,321</b>	<b>25,066</b>	<b>23,149</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>431</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>1.8</b>
<b>III MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED</b>											
	158	151	169	—	31	—	18.3	+	7	—	5.2
<b>Total Re-Exports</b>	<b>104,605</b>	<b>111,558</b>	<b>111,135</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>2,602</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,869</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1.7</b>

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DETAILED STATEMENT showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Estimated" Value of the Trade in 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the AMOUNT of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values, and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

## (C).—EXPORTS (UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE).

Article.	Value of Exports.			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.					
	1913.		1912.	Of which					
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1912.	As Declared.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—).		Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
				Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
I. ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO—	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.
Corn and Flour .. .. .	3,265	3,725	4,230	— 974	— 15.9	— 237	— 5.7	— 437	— 10.6
Meat and Animals for Food ..	1,529	1,181	1,103	+ 386	+ 13.3	+ 348	+ 9.5	+ 29	+ 2.5
Beer and Ale .. .. .	2,139	2,112	2,103	— 55	— 3.0	— 24	— 1.1	— 46	— 2.0
Biscuits and Cakes .. .. .	1,539	1,527	1,513	+ 44	+ 3.0	+ 30	+ 2.1	+ 12	+ 0.8
Fish .. .. .	7,200	6,968	6,722	+ 778	+ 11.6	+ 532	+ 7.6	+ 246	+ 3.5
Oils, Refined .. .. .	978	870	708	+ 279	+ 38.1	+ 298	+ 12.4	+ 163	+ 22.8
Spirits, British .. .. .	4,128	4,191	4,241	— 53	— 1.2	— 8	— 0.5	— 45	— 1.1
Other Articles of Food and Drink ..	8,497	8,025	8,383	— 1,514	— 14.0	— 42	— 0.5	— 1,390	— 14.5
Tobacco .. .. .	3,375	3,393	3,619	+ 733	+ 28.9	+ 83	+ 3.5	+ 674	+ 25.7
TOTAL, CLASS I .. .. .	22,508	21,864	22,088	— 78	— 0.2	+ 704	+ 2.2	— 782	— 2.4
II. RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED—									
Coal, Coke, &c. .. .. .	53,659	48,737	45,584	+ 11,072	+ 26.0	+ 4,322	+ 10.1	+ 6,750	+ 14.8
Wool .. .. .	4,505	4,602	4,838	— 333	— 6.4	— 553	— 13.6	— 766	— 15.9
Oils and Oil Seeds .. .. .	1,900	2,177	2,037	— 137	— 6.7	— 277	— 12.7	+ 140	+ 6.9
Hides and Undressed Skins .. ..	1,889	1,788	2,028	— 139	— 6.9	+ 131	+ 7.5	— 270	— 13.3
Other Articles .. .. .	7,843	7,734	7,562	+ 167	+ 1.3	+ 89	+ 1.1	— 196	— 2.5
TOTAL, CLASS II .. .. .	62,896	56,478	58,437	+ 18,459	+ 37.6	+ 6,418	+ 8.4	+ 5,003	+ 8.5
III. ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED—									
Iron and Steel:—									
Pig Iron .. .. .	4,825	5,311	4,643	+ 182	+ 3.9	+ 514	+ 11.9	— 332	— 7.2
Iron, Wrought in Bars, Rods, Angles, Shapes, &c. .. ..	1,328	1,392	1,247	+ 81	+ 6.5	+ 120	+ 10.5	— 45	— 3.4
Iron, Wrought, & Manufactures of	1,483	1,451	1,431	+ 72	+ 5.1	— 8	— 0.5	+ 89	+ 6.7
Iron, Cast, & Manufactures of	1,134	1,141	946	+ 188	+ 20.0	— 7	— 0.6	+ 165	+ 20.6
Iron or Steel:—									
Rails, New, Perfect .. .. .	3,461	3,287	3,462	+ 999	+ 40.6	+ 334	+ 11.9	+ 565	+ 22.0
Wires, Fencing and Other .. ..	1,964	1,914	1,904	+ 39	+ 0.6	+ 50	+ 4.9	— 49	— 3.6
Wire Manufactures .. .. .	1,490	1,428	1,363	+ 77	+ 5.6	+ 35	+ 2.9	+ 42	+ 3.3
Ships, Buoys, Boilers, and other									
Plates and Sheets not under									
1 in thick .. .. .	1,533	1,133	1,192	+ 41	+ 3.4	+ 108	+ 9.6	— 67	— 5.4
Galvanized Sheets (Flat or									
Corrugated) .. .. .	10,928	9,949	8,087	+ 1,431	+ 16.6	+ 79	+ 0.8	+ 1,332	+ 12.7
Turned Plates and Turned									
Shells .. .. .	7,251	7,229	6,833	+ 368	+ 5.1	+ 192	+ 2.7	+ 166	+ 2.4
Tubes, Pipes and Fittings, Wrought .. .. .	9,905	9,225	8,854	+ 112	+ 3.9	+ 341	+ 15.0	— 229	— 8.9
Pipes and Fittings, Cast .. ..	1,704	1,861	1,735	+ 429	+ 33.6	+ 345	+ 25.2	+ 84	+ 6.7
Railway Wheels, and Types and									
Axles .. .. .	1,513	1,397	1,211	+ 302	+ 25.9	+ 116	+ 9.3	+ 186	+ 15.4
Steel in Bars, Angles, Rods, Shapes, &c. .. .. .	3,074	3,327	3,248	+ 225	+ 10.8	+ 167	+ 5.5	+ 159	+ 4.3
Other Iron and Steel Manufactures ..	11,784	10,325	10,242	+ 1,982	+ 10.7	+ 699	+ 7.7	+ 283	+ 2.8
Bronze, and Manufactures of .. ..	1,954	1,905	1,833	+ 21	+ 1.3	+ 52	+ 3.2	— 31	— 1.9
Copper, and Manufactures of .. ..	4,182	4,005	3,774	+ 811	+ 24.6	+ 99	+ 9.4	+ 718	+ 21.8
Tin, Unwrought .. .. .	2,435	2,402	2,503	— 68	— 3.7	+ 33	+ 1.4	— 101	— 4.0
Lead, Zinc, and other common									
Metals and Manufactures thereof	3,876	3,670	3,563	+ 245	+ 6.9	+ 134	+ 9.7	— 93	— 2.6
Cutlery .. .. .	822	790	863	— 61	— 6.9	+ 42	+ 5.4	— 105	— 11.7
Hardware and Hollow ware .. ..	3,445	2,510	2,907	— 338	— 12.7	— 41	— 3.4	— 397	— 10.9
Machinery:—									
Prime Movers, not Electrical:—									
Ref. Locomotives .. .. .	3,784	2,566	2,137	+ 647	+ 20.3	+ 218	+ 8.5	+ 429	+ 20.1
Agricultural .. .. .	1,269	1,219	1,300	+ 61	+ 4.7	+ 142	+ 11.6	— 81	— 6.2
Other Sorts .. .. .	2,645	2,484	4,821	+ 1,094	+ 21.2	+ 341	+ 6.6	+ 663	+ 13.8
Electrical Machinery .. .. .	2,275	2,213	1,989	+ 306	+ 18.6	+ 63	+ 3.8	+ 244	+ 12.4
Not Prime Movers or Electrical:—									
Agricultural .. .. .	1,028	1,040	1,005	+ 33	+ 1.4	+ 48	+ 3.9	— 35	— 1.4
Boilers .. .. .	1,778	1,831	1,875	— 95	— 5.1	— 33	— 3.4	— 42	— 2.9
Mining .. .. .	1,015	960	939	+ 86	+ 8.5	+ 56	+ 6.9	+ 23	+ 2.3
Sewing Machines and Parts									
thereof .. .. .	3,368	3,346	3,385	— 17	— 0.7	+ 225	+ 5.7	— 345	— 6.1
Textile .. .. .	2,582	2,727	7,046	+ 1,529	+ 17.6	— 55	— 0.7	+ 1,584	+ 18.6
Other Sorts of Machinery .. .. .	9,088	8,008	9,088	+ 602	+ 6.6	+ 738	+ 8.2	— 136	— 1.5

## PART I.—COMPARISON OF THE TRADE OF 1913 WITH THAT OF 1912.

TABLE 2.—DETAILED STATEMENT showing for each principal description of Merchandise Imported into and Exported from the United Kingdom, the Declared Value in 1913 and 1912, respectively, the "Estimated" Value of the Trade of 1913 at the Average Values prevailing in 1912, the recorded Increase or Decrease in 1913 as compared with 1912, and also the Amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values, and to larger or smaller Quantities—continued.

(C).—EXPORTS (UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE)—continued.

Article.	Value of Exports			Increase or Decrease in 1913 compared with 1912.							
	1913.		1912.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (-).				Of which			
	As Declared	Estimated at Average Value of 1912.	As Declared					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (-) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (-) Quantities.	
				Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.		
<b>II. ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED—contd.</b>	<b>1,900 £s.</b>	<b>1,000 £s.</b>	<b>1,000 £s.</b>	<b>1,000 £s.</b>	<b>Per cent.</b>	<b>1,900 £s.</b>	<b>Per cent.</b>	<b>1,000 £s.</b>	<b>Per cent.</b>	<b>1,000 £s.</b>	<b>Per cent.</b>
Ships and Boats (new) .. ..	11,031	10,477	7,987	+ 4,594	+ 37.0	+ 534	+ 5.2	+ 2,409	+ 22.1		
Cotton: Waste from Worked Cotton .. ..	1,561	1,544	1,390	+ 171	+ 12.3	+ 17	+ 1.1	+ 154	+ 11.1		
Cotton Manufactures:											
Yarn:											
Grey .. ..	22,740	11,833	13,740	- 1,066	- 7.3	+ 907	+ 7.7	- 1,907	- 15.9		
Washed and Dyed .. ..	2,247	2,148	2,482	- 215	- 8.7	+ 119	+ 5.6	- 334	- 13.3		
Piece Goods:											
Unbleached, Grey .. ..	25,486	20,903	24,019	+ 3,790	+ 11.3	+ 1,545	+ 6.0	+ 1,344	+ 5.1		
Washed, White .. ..	22,066	20,895	23,064	+ 1,091	+ 4.2	+ 1,159	+ 4.4	- 69	- 0.2		
Printed, of all Sorts .. ..	11,645	17,418	18,485	+ 1,478	+ 8.4	+ 511	+ 3.1	+ 531	+ 5.4		
Dyed, in the piece .. ..	25,705	21,310	20,062	+ 1,747	+ 8.7	+ 469	+ 2.3	+ 1,288	+ 6.3		
Corduroy .. ..	4,811	4,399	4,363	+ 306	+ 6.4	+ 313	+ 6.0	+ 30	+ 0.6		
Turned for Sewing .. ..	3,450	2,985	2,910	+ 490	+ 11.5	+ 125	+ 3.8	+ 365	+ 8.1		
Other Cotton Manufactures .. ..	8,141	7,943	9,073	- 932	- 10.3	+ 228	+ 2.9	- 1,160	- 12.6		
Woolen Manufactures:											
Yarn:											
Woolen and Worsted. . . .	8,492	5,133	5,809	- 437	- 7.4	+ 330	+ 6.6	- 776	- 15.2		
Alpaca and Mohair .. ..	2,172	2,141	1,936	+ 245	+ 12.8	+ 51	+ 1.4	+ 218	+ 11.2		
Woolen Tissues:											
Heavy—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	6,927	6,965	6,742	+ 385	+ 5.1	- 58	- 0.8	+ 243	+ 3.6		
Light—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	3,270	3,242	2,941	+ 329	+ 11.2	+ 75	+ 2.2	+ 473	+ 13.7		
Other Sorts .. ..	1,474	1,852	2,132	- 258	- 12.1	+ 38	+ 1.8	- 310	- 14.5		
Worsted Tissues:											
Coatings—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	1,425	1,071	1,550	+ 23	+ 4.8	+ 45	+ 2.4	+ 121	+ 7.8		
Other Sorts .. ..	771	744	739	+ 32	+ 4.2	+ 27	+ 3.4	+ 5	+ 0.7		
Worsted Tissues:											
Coatings—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	3,645	2,626	3,130	- 215	- 6.0	+ 69	+ 3.1	- 304	- 9.7		
Other Sorts .. ..	544	802	883	- 41	- 4.3	+ 92	+ 7.9	- 103	- 10.8		
Woolen Tissues:											
Heavy—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	1,834	1,776	2,049	- 215	- 10.4	+ 74	+ 4.4	- 293	- 14.2		
Other Sorts .. ..	565	462	560	- 55	- 9.6	+ 42	+ 9.1	- 97	- 17.3		
Carpet and Carpet Rugs .. ..	1,537	1,470	1,404	+ 31	+ 2.1	+ 67	+ 6.6	- 36	- 2.4		
Other Woolen Manufactures .. ..	4,589	4,112	4,143	+ 66	+ 1.6	+ 97	+ 2.4	- 37	- 0.9		
Silk Manufactures:											
Broadstuffs, Tuss or Mixed .. ..	1,172	1,979	1,585	- 112	- 8.8	- 161	- 8.4	- 6	- 0.3		
Other Sorts .. ..	943	1,038	941	+ 44	+ 4.7	- 12	- 0.3	+ 117	+ 12.4		
Silk Tissues:											
Heavy—Broad—of all Wool .. ..	781	675	860	- 19	- 2.2	+ 104	+ 16.7	- 185	- 21.5		
Other Sorts .. ..	3,338	2,829	2,074	+ 636	+ 24.8	+ 508	+ 17.8	+ 153	+ 5.7		
Levon Yarn .. ..	1,515	1,172	1,200	- 54	- 4.3	+ 43	+ 3.7	- 97	- 7.4		
Other Sorts .. ..	8,248	7,733	8,117	- 109	- 2.0	+ 675	+ 6.9	- 694	- 8.2		
Silk and Shores of Leather .. ..	4,196	4,349	3,915	+ 220	+ 5.4	+ 62	+ 1.1	+ 171	+ 4.4		
Hair and Bones .. ..	2,312	2,374	2,255	- 45	- 1.9	+ 62	+ 2.4	- 39	- 1.6		
Cal Testants, not Dyed .. ..	2,593	2,689	2,596	- 416	- 15.5	+ 61	+ 2.3	- 553	- 19.5		
Copper, Sulphate of .. ..	1,708	1,547	1,725	- 17	- 1.0	+ 126	+ 10.1	- 113	- 10.4		
Waxes, Chemical .. ..	5,770	5,204	5,069	+ 641	+ 9.1	+ 146	+ 2.8	+ 627	+ 11.9		
Paints, Colors and Materials .. ..	3,389	3,343	3,205	+ 34	+ 0.7	+ 47	+ 1.4	- 29	- 0.7		
Silk Compositions .. ..	1,789	1,834	1,705	- 6	- 0.3	+ 45	+ 2.6	- 39	- 2.2		
Leather, Unfinished and Dressed .. ..	3,497	3,382	3,062	+ 435	+ 13.2	+ 76	+ 2.3	+ 330	+ 10.8		
Earthworks and Glass .. ..	5,214	5,692	4,973	+ 241	+ 4.8	+ 227	+ 4.5	- 14	- 0.3		
Paper and Paper Wares .. ..	3,079	3,073	2,559	+ 470	+ 14.4	-	-	+ 120	+ 4.4		
Cyces, Complete .. ..	611	608	582	+ 29	+ 4.8	- 17	- 2.7	+ 69	+ 11.9		
Motor Cars, Complete .. ..	2,399	2,622	2,624	- 225	- 8.7	+ 512	+ 17.8	- 868	- 29.9		
Other Sorts .. ..	495	454	457	- 29	- 6.0	+ 12	+ 2.6	- 17	- 3.5		
Motor Cycles, Complete .. ..	734	681	678	+ 305	+ 30.0	+ 20	+ 1.3	+ 156	+ 15.0		
Rags and Ropes, Empty .. ..	1,340	1,132	1,034	+ 306	+ 20.0	+ 87	+ 7.3	+ 112	+ 11.5		
Ropes, Twisted .. ..	2,780	2,791	2,785	- 5	- 0.2	-	-	-	-		
Cement .. ..	1,273	1,168	1,020	+ 255	+ 20.0	+ 90	+ 7.0	+ 165	+ 15.2		
Carriage, Cables, Ropes, &c. .. ..	1,250	1,122	1,128	- 147	- 12.0	+ 148	+ 13.0	- 6	- 0.5		
Oil Cakes .. ..	354	870	869	- 185	- 35.6	- 21	- 5.6	- 174	- 31.7		
Oil Cloth .. ..	2,523	2,496	2,791	- 124	- 5.0	+ 34	+ 1.9	- 122	- 6.6		
Soap .. ..	2,683	2,080	2,274	+ 19	+ 0.9	+ 13	+ 0.6	+ 6	+ 0.3		
Other Articles .. ..	64,253	61,311	58,847	+ 5,489	+ 9.3	- 50	- 0.1	+ 5,494	+ 9.5		
<b>TOTAL, CLASS III .. ..</b>	<b>411,572</b>	<b>398,275</b>	<b>385,028</b>	<b>+ 26,544</b>	<b>+ 6.9</b>	<b>+ 12,307</b>	<b>+ 3.1</b>	<b>+ 14,237</b>	<b>+ 3.7</b>		
<b>W. MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED (including Durable Goods) .. ..</b>	<b>11,363</b>	<b>10,700</b>	<b>10,692</b>	<b>+ 1,298</b>	<b>+ 12.8</b>	<b>+ 490</b>	<b>+ 5.0</b>	<b>+ 643</b>	<b>+ 6.6</b>		
<b>TOTAL EXPORTS .. ..</b>	<b>625,463</b>	<b>606,412</b>	<b>497,223</b>	<b>+ 38,338</b>	<b>+ 7.8</b>	<b>+ 10,949</b>	<b>+ 3.8</b>	<b>+ 15,180</b>	<b>+ 3.9</b>		

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF 1901-13 WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 3.—SUMMARY TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and for each of their three main Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, and their Value Estimated at the Average Values prevailing in 1900, together with the percentage fluctuations of the same, in each of the undermentioned years.

## (A).—ACTUAL AMOUNTS.

YEARS.	CLASS I. (Articles of Food, Drink and Tobacco)		CLASS II. (Raw Materials and Articles mainly unmanufactured)		CLASS III. (Articles wholly or mainly manufactured)		TOTAL (Including miscellaneous and unclassified Articles, and Parcel Post)	
	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.
(1) TOTAL IMPORTS—in Thousands of £s (000's omitted).								
1900	223,970	219,979	173,030	172,680	128,410	128,410	525,410	520,979
1901	223,975	225,259	167,109	177,184	128,315	123,330	519,409	526,603
1902	223,036	224,337	168,927	181,313	120,330	143,613	512,295	551,259
1903	223,475	224,918	173,330	178,430	126,323	144,333	524,088	553,344
1904	226,645	224,329	180,886	180,666	126,398	143,410	533,930	565,340
1905	231,300	223,245	187,918	191,384	143,585	150,707	562,803	573,393
1906	238,128	230,850	211,103	194,443	156,143	153,152	605,374	588,711
1907	242,291	231,950	241,240	213,307	154,304	168,074	638,835	593,245
1908	244,124	227,184	230,655	197,680	145,985	147,138	620,843	575,579
1909	254,319	230,977	220,145	210,570	147,671	152,358	622,135	594,520
1910	257,683	230,990	230,175	214,650	150,443	158,550	638,301	600,344
1911	264,958	238,941	248,150	214,788	160,307	168,016	673,415	624,544
1912	260,266	230,443	275,908	247,398	188,497	183,740	724,671	675,295
1913	266,307	253,818	284,924	246,167	198,095	194,909	749,334	693,279
(2) RE-EXPORTS—in Thousands of £s (000's omitted).								
1900	11,962	11,962	38,814	32,434	18,291	18,291	69,067	62,689
1901	12,155	12,244	36,674	37,335	18,680	18,272	67,111	68,028
1902	9,997	10,951	37,732	38,459	17,433	18,119	65,119	67,417
1903	16,259	10,457	30,020	39,427	19,235	19,335	65,514	60,549
1904	16,821	11,549	38,765	39,322	20,537	21,208	76,584	74,301
1905	12,027	12,352	43,811	40,188	25,286	25,016	71,129	73,512
1906	12,040	11,940	46,321	34,684	25,342	23,269	83,102	75,112
1907	12,102	11,889	52,378	42,583	27,467	23,608	91,947	79,049
1908	10,480	10,252	45,310	40,474	26,255	25,601	71,945	72,790
1909	12,090	11,194	54,398	46,699	24,673	23,378	91,261	80,634
1910	15,274	11,890	63,210	44,650	27,342	24,559	105,714	81,897
1911	14,311	12,878	60,938	46,572	28,345	24,047	103,734	88,739
1912	15,094	12,583	67,284	53,125	29,189	23,574	111,738	89,814
1913	18,961	13,200	64,054	52,458	29,221	23,613	112,236	89,799
(3) NET IMPORTS—in Thousands of £s (000's omitted).								
1900	208,908	208,017	135,216	138,246	110,119	110,119	459,653	458,293
1901	211,820	212,992	130,435	139,849	109,635	105,048	451,810	468,570
1902	213,039	214,585	131,194	142,686	115,537	125,494	459,210	484,112
1903	221,240	222,437	133,400	138,073	110,328	124,800	464,968	488,296
1904	219,794	223,673	145,118	144,043	115,791	124,102	480,135	484,005
1905	219,773	219,894	144,507	150,666	121,777	128,689	487,240	488,742
1906	226,109	224,718	164,182	154,550	130,243	131,023	520,786	513,265
1907	235,122	230,570	188,071	160,814	127,897	144,786	553,860	529,156
1908	233,254	219,932	158,145	150,620	119,830	123,202	511,229	500,768
1909	242,319	218,846	193,748	165,171	122,666	128,590	535,300	514,780
1910	244,936	219,606	197,890	169,429	125,903	134,289	571,499	524,584
1911	249,947	224,063	168,201	170,226	127,412	143,606	577,456	540,778
1912	246,494	227,306	206,362	194,270	146,378	161,166	632,303	582,582
1913	274,450	240,482	217,938	193,759	164,095	168,496	656,378	605,480
(4) EXPORTS OF UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE—in Thousands of £s (000's omitted).								
1900	14,043	14,043	44,587	44,587	228,302	228,302	286,102	281,192
1901	15,515	15,799	37,434	43,468	223,221	230,163	286,023	294,941
1902	16,980	17,797	35,308	43,733	220,027	244,114	283,434	312,139
1903	16,000	16,611	36,448	48,912	251,000	250,460	293,460	324,584
1904	16,022	17,792	36,448	48,912	243,079	254,897	294,711	327,449
1905	19,064	20,000	39,737	51,875	248,046	265,123	297,817	339,899
1906	20,444	20,075	43,838	59,201	244,068	264,364	298,975	349,877
1907	22,397	22,155	55,889	65,750	241,444	274,311	323,695	358,278
1908	21,708	23,186	52,754	65,248	236,282	250,177	318,110	354,269
1909	23,235	24,123	61,190	68,682	236,758	260,514	318,168	361,946
1910	26,071	27,011	63,228	68,006	242,299	262,584	331,285	377,533
1911	29,038	28,392	73,725	69,354	242,229	264,203	345,119	353,485
1912	32,685	32,684	69,477	71,086	265,028	282,353	367,525	378,488
1913	32,668	31,902	69,890	71,151	311,073	275,764	383,464	397,250

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF 1901-13 WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 3.—SUMMARY TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and for each of their three main sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, and their Value Estimated at the Average Values prevailing in 1900, together with the percentage fluctuations of the same, in each of the undermentioned years—continued.

(B).—PERCENTAGE FLUCTUATIONS.

(In this Table the figures for 1900 (the standard year) are throughout represented by 100.)

Years.	CLASS I. (Articles of Food, Drink and Tobacco)		CLASS II. (Raw Materials and Articles nearly unmanufactured)		CLASS III. (Articles wholly or mainly manufactured)		TOTAL. (Including miscellaneous and unclassified Articles, and Parcel Post)	
	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.	Declared Value.	Estimated Value at the Average Values of 1900.
(1) TOTAL IMPORTS.								
1900...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901...	101.8	102.4	97.1	100.0	99.9	104.0	99.8	103.0
1902...	101.7	102.1	98.2	105.3	104.0	111.7	101.0	104.6
1903...	105.2	103.9	100.7	105.7	104.4	112.6	103.7	106.7
1904...	104.9	104.8	105.7	105.0	106.1	113.2	105.3	107.7
1905...	106.3	104.2	109.3	111.1	111.4	117.5	108.0	109.6
1906...	108.0	107.6	122.7	115.0	120.6	120.9	119.2	118.5
1907...	112.4	109.0	126.0	126.0	121.6	115.7	125.5	114.6
1908...	111.0	108.3	118.3	114.5	111.4	114.6	119.4	109.7
1909...	115.6	104.6	126.0	122.2	115.0	118.6	119.4	113.7
1910...	117.1	106.0	131.8	124.8	122.1	120.8	120.0	115.0
1911...	120.0	106.6	144.2	126.0	126.0	120.8	120.0	119.4
1912...	127.6	109.1	160.2	143.8	143.4	143.1	145.4	128.6
1913...	132.0	115.4	165.9	143.1	150.8	149.6	147.0	128.9
(2) RE-EXPORTS.								
1900...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901...	101.6	102.4	111.4	113.6	103.4	105.4	107.4	109.3
1902...	85.6	84.0	115.0	117.1	97.5	103.4	104.2	107.0
1903...	85.5	87.7	121.7	120.2	105.6	108.4	110.1	110.7
1904...	91.0	94.0	116.4	121.6	112.3	115.5	113.8	109.7
1905...	100.5	103.3	122.3	122.5	121.4	120.4	123.1	119.3
1906...	100.7	99.8	145.0	123.5	141.8	127.2	134.7	119.0
1907...	100.7	95.2	160.2	126.0	147.7	130.2	145.5	125.1
1908...	83.0	85.7	138.1	123.3	127.1	119.2	120.0	115.2
1909...	100.0	93.6	165.6	137.4	134.9	127.8	144.4	126.7
1910...	107.6	99.4	192.9	136.7	140.0	134.6	164.2	129.1
1911...	110.6	107.7	182.7	143.9	155.0	131.5	162.6	133.5
1912...	120.2	105.2	195.1	161.9	160.4	128.9	179.9	142.1
1913...	133.5	111.7	195.2	160.9	167.4	128.0	173.6	142.1
(3) NET IMPORTS.								
1900...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901...	101.8	102.4	97.1	100.0	99.9	104.0	99.8	103.0
1902...	101.7	102.1	98.2	105.3	104.0	111.7	101.0	104.6
1903...	105.2	103.9	100.7	105.7	104.4	112.6	103.7	106.7
1904...	104.9	104.8	105.7	105.0	106.1	113.2	105.3	107.7
1905...	106.3	104.2	109.3	111.1	111.4	117.5	108.0	109.6
1906...	108.0	107.6	122.7	115.0	120.6	120.9	119.2	118.5
1907...	112.4	109.0	126.0	126.0	121.6	115.7	125.5	114.6
1908...	111.0	108.3	118.3	114.5	111.4	114.6	119.4	109.7
1909...	115.6	104.6	126.0	122.2	115.0	118.6	119.4	113.7
1910...	117.1	106.0	131.8	124.8	122.1	120.8	120.0	115.0
1911...	120.0	106.6	144.2	126.0	126.0	120.8	120.0	119.4
1912...	127.6	109.1	160.2	143.8	143.4	143.1	145.4	128.6
1913...	132.0	115.4	165.9	143.1	150.8	149.6	147.0	128.9
(4) EXPORTS OF UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE.								
1900...	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901...	110.4	112.3	82.0	90.6	87.8	100.6	84.2	101.0
1902...	100.0	122.1	78.5	101.4	89.4	107.1	97.3	107.2
1903...	114.6	116.2	80.0	107.6	102.5	109.6	98.9	110.1
1904...	118.3	120.6	83.4	112.8	106.5	111.4	102.3	112.6
1905...	120.7	125.8	87.7	115.6	117.7	123.6	113.3	120.6
1906...	145.4	149.9	97.4	131.0	128.6	131.5	129.9	132.9
1907...	159.1	160.1	125.6	148.4	140.6	149.9	146.2	143.6
1908...	154.5	145.0	117.3	145.0	129.9	127.1	125.5	122.2
1909...	160.1	171.8	115.7	153.1	130.0	132.7	129.9	137.8
1910...	185.6	182.3	118.5	161.3	150.8	145.7	147.8	160.3
1911...	200.7	189.2	116.4	164.2	158.7	149.8	156.0	155.7
1912...	232.7	222.7	132.1	158.0	166.6	158.7	167.8	164.8
1913...	232.1	227.1	135.4	171.5	180.8	164.6	160.6	170.8

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY STATEMENT showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and their three main Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, their Value Estimated at the Average Values of 1900, and the recorded Increase or Decrease in each year as compared with 1900, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities in each of the undermentioned years.

## (A).—TOTAL IMPORTS.

Year	Value in each Year.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in each year compared with 1900.					
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1900.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—)		Of which			
					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities	
			Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
(1) ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.								
1900..	219,900	219,970	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901..	223,370	223,330	+ 4,040	+ 1.8	1,384	+ 0.6	+ 2,656	+ 1.2
1902..	228,634	228,032	+ 6,602	+ 3.0	1,443	+ 0.6	+ 5,159	+ 2.4
1903..	231,475	232,018	+ 5,543	+ 2.5	1,443	+ 0.6	+ 4,100	+ 1.9
1904..	230,645	234,899	+ 4,254	+ 1.9	4,770	+ 2.2	+ 12,948	+ 5.9
1905..	231,300	233,344	+ 2,044	+ 0.9	2,054	+ 0.9	—	—
1906..	238,158	239,650	+ 1,492	+ 0.6	1,502	+ 0.6	—	—
1907..	247,291	234,899	+ 12,392	+ 5.5	12,322	+ 5.5	—	—
1908..	244,124	227,184	+ 16,940	+ 7.5	16,900	+ 7.5	—	—
1909..	254,319	230,037	+ 24,282	+ 10.9	24,282	+ 10.9	—	—
1910..	257,082	230,039	+ 27,043	+ 12.4	26,726	+ 12.4	—	—
1911..	253,528	238,941	+ 14,587	+ 6.5	15,071	+ 6.8	—	—
1912..	250,588	230,949	+ 19,639	+ 8.5	19,639	+ 8.5	—	—
1913..	259,387	253,818	+ 5,569	+ 2.2	35,573	+ 14.4	+ 32,848	+ 14.4

## (2) RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED.

1900..	172,030	172,030	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901..	167,349	171,181	+ 3,832	+ 2.2	10,048	+ 5.7	+ 3,784	+ 2.2
1902..	168,977	181,115	+ 12,138	+ 7.0	12,148	+ 7.0	—	—
1903..	173,320	178,439	+ 5,119	+ 2.9	5,110	+ 2.9	—	—
1904..	181,880	180,063	+ 1,817	+ 1.0	1,281	+ 0.7	+ 5,836	+ 3.2
1905..	187,318	181,186	+ 6,132	+ 3.3	3,368	+ 1.7	+ 2,764	+ 1.5
1906..	211,103	194,442	+ 16,661	+ 8.6	16,600	+ 8.6	—	—
1907..	241,249	213,287	+ 27,962	+ 13.0	27,802	+ 12.9	—	—
1908..	203,455	197,000	+ 6,455	+ 3.2	6,450	+ 3.2	—	—
1909..	220,185	210,279	+ 9,906	+ 4.7	9,876	+ 4.7	—	—
1910..	201,170	214,659	+ 13,489	+ 6.7	13,371	+ 6.5	—	—
1911..	248,130	216,788	+ 31,342	+ 14.5	31,371	+ 14.5	—	—
1912..	273,908	247,395	+ 26,513	+ 10.7	26,573	+ 10.7	—	—
1913..	280,924	246,167	+ 34,757	+ 14.1	32,757	+ 13.3	+ 2,000	+ 0.8

## (3) ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED.

1900..	128,410	128,410	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901..	128,315	128,315	—	—	—	—	—	—
1902..	131,290	141,613	+ 10,323	+ 7.9	10,023	+ 7.0	+ 3,200	+ 2.4
1903..	135,623	144,533	+ 8,910	+ 6.6	9,000	+ 6.7	—	—
1904..	134,298	145,410	+ 11,112	+ 8.3	11,112	+ 8.3	—	—
1905..	144,585	150,707	+ 6,122	+ 4.2	6,122	+ 4.2	—	—
1906..	148,145	155,102	+ 6,957	+ 4.7	6,957	+ 4.7	—	—
1907..	154,964	148,774	+ 6,190	+ 4.0	6,190	+ 4.0	—	—
1908..	163,085	147,132	+ 15,953	+ 10.8	15,953	+ 10.8	—	—
1909..	167,871	155,929	+ 11,942	+ 7.3	11,942	+ 7.3	—	—
1910..	169,845	158,929	+ 10,916	+ 6.4	10,916	+ 6.4	—	—
1911..	165,580	168,015	+ 2,435	+ 1.4	2,414	+ 1.4	—	—
1912..	183,467	163,740	+ 19,727	+ 12.0	19,727	+ 12.0	—	—
1913..	193,666	165,809	+ 27,857	+ 16.8	27,857	+ 16.8	—	—

## (4) TOTAL IMPORTS (INCLUDING MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED ARTICLES).\*

1900..	323,075	323,075	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901..	321,990	328,608	+ 6,618	+ 2.0	16,013	+ 5.0	+ 15,395	+ 4.7
1902..	328,321	351,129	+ 22,808	+ 7.0	22,338	+ 6.8	+ 4,470	+ 1.4
1903..	333,690	358,348	+ 24,658	+ 7.4	15,741	+ 4.7	+ 9,917	+ 3.0
1904..	331,619	383,243	+ 51,624	+ 15.6	13,266	+ 4.0	+ 38,358	+ 11.6
1905..	337,888	373,583	+ 35,695	+ 10.6	8,883	+ 2.6	+ 26,812	+ 7.9
1906..	377,885	388,711	+ 10,826	+ 2.9	10,777	+ 2.8	—	—
1907..	415,808	391,245	+ 24,563	+ 5.9	44,063	+ 13.5	+ 20,484	+ 5.2
1908..	392,523	373,579	+ 18,944	+ 4.8	18,974	+ 4.8	—	—
1909..	424,705	394,820	+ 29,885	+ 7.1	29,885	+ 7.1	—	—
1910..	478,397	399,241	+ 79,156	+ 19.8	71,916	+ 18.0	+ 7,240	+ 1.8
1911..	468,158	414,514	+ 53,644	+ 12.8	53,644	+ 12.8	—	—
1912..	444,041	473,295	+ 29,254	+ 6.6	29,254	+ 6.6	—	—
1913..	468,034	493,273	+ 25,239	+ 5.4	35,752	+ 7.7	+ 19,514	+ 4.0

\* Excludes of Paper Fuel.



PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY STATEMENT showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and their three main Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, their Value Estimated at the Average Value of 1900, and the recorded Increase or Decrease in each year as compared with 1900, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities in each of the undermentioned years—continued.

(B).—RE-EXPORTS (FOREIGN AND COLONIAL PRODUCE).

Year.	Value in each Year.		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in each year compared with 1900					
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Value of 1900	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—).		Of which			
					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
			Amount	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount	Proportion.
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
(1) ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.								
1900.	11,352	11,352	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901.	12,335	12,335	+ 983	+ 8.6	113	+ 0.9	870	+ 7.6
1902.	9,000	10,554	— 1,553	— 16.4	54	— 0.5	1,607	— 16.9
1903.	10,229	10,487	— 258	— 2.5	258	— 2.5	—	—
1904.	10,583	11,249	— 666	— 6.3	368	— 3.4	1,034	— 9.7
1905.	12,027	12,802	— 775	— 6.5	325	— 3.0	1,100	— 9.5
1906.	12,049	13,940	— 1,891	— 15.7	149	+ 1.3	2,040	— 17.0
1907.	12,169	13,369	— 1,200	— 9.8	789	+ 6.9	411	— 3.9
1908.	13,560	16,252	— 2,692	— 19.8	628	+ 5.5	3,320	— 25.3
1909.	12,000	11,191	+ 809	+ 6.7	869	+ 7.7	—	—
1910.	12,874	11,890	+ 984	+ 7.8	984	+ 8.3	—	—
1911.	14,311	12,678	+ 1,633	+ 12.9	1,433	+ 11.1	200	+ 1.7
1912.	15,094	12,583	+ 2,511	+ 20.3	2,511	+ 20.0	—	—
1913.	15,942	13,344	+ 2,598	+ 22.9	2,575	+ 20.0	23	+ 0.2
(2) RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED.								
1900.	22,814	22,814	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901.	26,074	27,335	— 1,261	— 5.5	661	— 2.9	1,922	— 8.4
1902.	37,730	34,429	+ 3,301	+ 14.0	696	+ 3.0	2,605	+ 11.5
1903.	36,520	35,657	+ 863	+ 3.7	453	+ 2.0	410	+ 1.8
1904.	36,759	36,622	+ 137	+ 0.6	2,148	+ 9.4	3,889	+ 17.0
1905.	45,411	40,188	+ 5,223	+ 11.6	3,223	+ 7.4	2,000	+ 4.5
1906.	49,821	39,844	+ 9,977	+ 20.0	7,057	+ 17.6	2,920	+ 6.6
1907.	52,578	45,588	+ 6,990	+ 13.3	8,996	+ 20.0	16,582	+ 36.4
1908.	47,539	40,474	+ 7,065	+ 14.9	4,436	+ 10.0	2,629	+ 5.9
1909.	54,388	45,666	+ 8,722	+ 15.9	9,299	+ 20.6	15,089	+ 33.4
1910.	63,546	44,820	+ 18,726	+ 42.2	18,690	+ 41.2	36	+ 0.1
1911.	59,028	45,572	+ 13,456	+ 29.5	13,386	+ 29.4	70	+ 0.2
1912.	67,297	45,195	+ 22,102	+ 49.0	14,341	+ 31.7	7,761	+ 17.2
1913.	64,090	45,428	+ 18,662	+ 42.3	11,264	+ 25.1	7,398	+ 16.5
(3) ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED.								
1900.	18,291	18,291	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901.	19,460	19,772	— 312	— 1.7	412	— 2.1	724	+ 3.9
1902.	17,823	18,919	— 1,096	— 6.0	1,096	— 5.7	—	—
1903.	19,296	19,433	— 137	— 0.7	338	+ 1.7	1,455	+ 7.8
1904.	20,821	21,268	— 447	— 2.1	771	+ 3.6	2,650	+ 14.5
1905.	22,906	22,018	+ 888	+ 3.9	190	+ 0.9	1,727	+ 7.8
1906.	23,942	23,969	— 27	— 0.1	2,673	+ 11.6	4,078	+ 17.2
1907.	27,007	23,868	+ 3,139	+ 11.5	3,193	+ 13.4	8,517	+ 38.2
1908.	29,265	23,801	+ 5,464	+ 23.1	1,654	+ 7.2	3,810	+ 16.6
1909.	31,073	23,575	+ 7,498	+ 27.5	1,295	+ 5.5	6,203	+ 26.3
1910.	27,342	24,990	+ 2,352	+ 8.6	4,543	+ 19.8	2,800	+ 12.1
1911.	28,345	24,047	+ 4,298	+ 18.1	4,298	+ 18.1	—	—
1912.	30,189	23,774	+ 6,415	+ 27.2	5,615	+ 23.6	800	+ 3.4
1913.	29,521	23,423	+ 6,098	+ 26.4	4,468	+ 19.1	1,630	+ 7.0
(4) TOTAL RE-EXPORTS (INCLUDING MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED ARTICLES).								
1900.	69,432	69,432	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901.	67,842	69,629	— 1,787	— 2.6	1,186	— 1.7	2,966	+ 4.3
1902.	65,843	67,417	— 1,574	— 2.4	1,602	— 2.4	4,435	+ 6.5
1903.	64,534	69,945	— 5,411	— 8.4	573	+ 0.8	6,004	+ 9.3
1904.	70,304	69,849	+ 455	+ 0.6	964	+ 1.4	6,188	+ 8.8
1905.	77,289	76,764	+ 525	+ 0.7	3,019	+ 4.0	11,579	+ 15.0
1906.	83,362	75,219	+ 8,143	+ 9.8	8,783	+ 11.6	15,137	+ 18.1
1907.	91,042	73,016	+ 18,026	+ 19.8	12,896	+ 16.3	15,864	+ 17.3
1908.	78,024	72,790	+ 5,234	+ 6.7	4,634	+ 6.2	6,598	+ 8.7
1909.	86,345	69,034	+ 17,311	+ 19.8	11,311	+ 14.1	16,352	+ 18.2
1910.	109,701	82,537	+ 27,164	+ 24.5	22,294	+ 26.7	20,887	+ 25.3
1911.	102,709	82,739	+ 19,970	+ 19.5	19,029	+ 22.7	20,522	+ 23.6
1912.	111,738	80,915	+ 30,823	+ 38.1	21,624	+ 24.2	26,722	+ 33.1
1913.	106,496	80,799	+ 25,697	+ 24.0	19,677	+ 22.1	26,017	+ 32.1

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY STATEMENT showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and their three main Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, their Value Estimated at the Average Values of 1900, and the recorded Increase or Decrease in each year as compared with 1900, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller Quantities in each of the undermentioned years—continued.

(C).—NET IMPORTS (i.e. TOTAL IMPORTS less RE-EXPORTS).

Year	Value in each Year		Increase (+) or Decrease (−) in each year compared with 1900					
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1900	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (−).		Of which			
			Due to Higher (+) or Lower (−) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (−) Quantities.			
			Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.	Amount.	Proportion.
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
(1) ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.								
1900	208,008	208,008	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	211,820	212,991	+ 3,632	+ 1.8	+ 1,171	+ 0.5	+ 4,883	+ 2.4
1902	213,030	214,585	+ 3,023	+ 2.7	+ 947	+ 0.4	+ 6,578	+ 3.2
1903	221,246	222,431	+ 13,236	+ 6.4	+ 1,185	+ 0.5	+ 14,223	+ 6.9
1904	229,764	229,471	+ 18,766	+ 8.7	+ 3,207	+ 1.7	+ 15,463	+ 7.5
1905	229,272	214,404	+ 14,265	+ 6.4	+ 2,379	+ 1.1	+ 8,480	+ 4.3
1906	226,109	224,713	+ 20,404	+ 8.7	+ 3,266	+ 0.6	+ 16,708	+ 8.0
1907	224,122	225,470	+ 27,114	+ 13.0	+ 13,022	+ 5.2	+ 16,920	+ 7.5
1908	223,254	216,922	+ 25,244	+ 12.1	+ 13,522	+ 7.5	+ 8,601	+ 4.3
1909	242,529	218,540	+ 34,321	+ 15.5	+ 23,473	+ 10.7	+ 16,928	+ 6.2
1910	245,504	219,060	+ 36,880	+ 17.7	+ 25,742	+ 11.8	+ 18,008	+ 5.4
1911	246,547	220,040	+ 41,693	+ 19.0	+ 23,544	+ 10.4	+ 18,008	+ 5.7
1912	263,484	227,340	+ 57,493	+ 27.6	+ 38,124	+ 16.3	+ 18,508	+ 9.3
1913	274,150	246,402	+ 65,444	+ 31.0	+ 34,604	+ 14.8	+ 32,444	+ 15.6
(2) RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED.								
1900	139,216	139,216	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	136,435	138,526	− 8,781	− 6.3	− 6,624	− 0.7	− 643	− 0.3
1902	131,194	142,686	− 11,622	− 8.8	− 11,622	− 8.1	− 3,470	− 2.5
1903	125,900	138,973	− 5,816	− 4.2	− 5,729	− 4.0	− 543	− 0.3
1904	143,118	144,043	+ 3,802	+ 2.6	+ 923	+ 0.6	+ 6,827	+ 3.2
1905	141,507	150,594	+ 5,291	+ 3.8	+ 6,491	+ 4.5	+ 11,782	+ 8.3
1906	145,162	154,309	+ 24,265	+ 17.9	+ 9,023	+ 6.8	+ 15,543	+ 11.0
1907	143,074	149,684	+ 15,605	+ 10.8	+ 14,837	+ 11.4	+ 30,898	+ 22.0
1908	158,145	150,526	+ 18,959	+ 12.4	+ 1,819	+ 1.3	+ 17,319	+ 12.4
1909	168,718	150,171	+ 18,525	+ 12.1	+ 1,077	+ 0.8	+ 25,555	+ 18.6
1910	197,866	166,419	+ 28,020	+ 17.1	+ 24,047	+ 16.5	+ 30,803	+ 22.0
1911	188,561	170,214	+ 48,086	+ 30.2	+ 17,085	+ 12.5	+ 31,000	+ 22.5
1912	204,382	194,230	+ 64,166	+ 49.7	+ 44,112	+ 31.3	+ 35,454	+ 29.0
1913	217,858	195,700	+ 78,022	+ 56.5	+ 54,108	+ 38.5	+ 24,492	+ 19.1
(3) ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED.								
1900	110,129	110,129	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	109,135	114,348	− 444	− 0.4	− 4,723	− 4.2	+ 4,120	+ 3.7
1902	116,547	121,494	+ 5,434	+ 4.9	+ 3,897	+ 3.2	+ 14,375	+ 12.1
1903	116,328	124,996	+ 6,890	+ 5.9	+ 3,472	+ 3.0	+ 14,663	+ 12.3
1904	116,781	124,102	+ 5,422	+ 4.7	+ 3,341	+ 2.9	+ 13,663	+ 12.7
1905	121,377	128,080	+ 11,898	+ 10.2	+ 7,199	+ 6.7	+ 14,779	+ 14.9
1906	120,243	125,065	+ 20,124	+ 14.3	+ 1,890	+ 1.8	+ 21,804	+ 18.8
1907	127,597	124,766	+ 17,778	+ 14.1	+ 3,321	+ 2.6	+ 14,647	+ 13.3
1908	116,820	125,332	+ 9,711	+ 8.4	+ 5,991	+ 4.4	+ 10,522	+ 9.1
1909	125,998	128,890	+ 12,870	+ 11.7	+ 6,892	+ 5.0	+ 15,721	+ 13.6
1910	129,500	124,369	+ 10,354	+ 17.6	+ 4,307	+ 3.6	+ 24,821	+ 19.0
1911	131,512	143,568	+ 27,093	+ 24.6	+ 6,706	+ 4.0	+ 24,821	+ 19.0
1912	144,978	160,188	+ 46,159	+ 41.8	+ 3,888	+ 2.4	+ 30,947	+ 24.4
1913	161,025	168,490	+ 53,905	+ 49.0	+ 4,411	+ 2.6	+ 53,777	+ 43.0
(4) TOTAL NET IMPORTS (INCLUDING MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED ARTICLES) *								
1900	430,883	428,802	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	456,744	469,772	+ 5,745	+ 1.3	+ 15,487	+ 3.4	+ 6,482	+ 1.5
1902	462,570	464,112	+ 2,643	+ 0.6	+ 21,326	+ 4.4	+ 24,210	+ 5.3
1903	475,020	488,266	+ 15,835	+ 3.0	+ 12,560	+ 3.1	+ 28,502	+ 6.2
1904	480,735	484,065	+ 26,340	+ 4.5	+ 12,279	+ 2.7	+ 34,112	+ 7.4
1905	487,240	488,742	+ 27,247	+ 5.9	+ 11,969	+ 2.5	+ 35,948	+ 8.4
1906	522,706	513,292	+ 62,505	+ 12.7	+ 9,304	+ 1.8	+ 33,499	+ 11.6
1907	503,696	520,129	+ 44,973	+ 9.4	+ 32,607	+ 6.2	+ 30,396	+ 10.1
1908	583,229	500,799	+ 53,436	+ 11.4	+ 12,540	+ 2.5	+ 40,896	+ 9.9
1909	533,240	514,780	+ 73,467	+ 16.0	+ 14,574	+ 3.6	+ 54,893	+ 11.0
1910	574,490	524,004	+ 114,683	+ 24.9	+ 45,022	+ 9.5	+ 64,311	+ 14.1
1911	577,390	546,775	+ 147,545	+ 28.6	+ 36,024	+ 6.8	+ 80,882	+ 17.6
1912	626,003	568,281	+ 175,000	+ 37.6	+ 50,522	+ 8.7	+ 122,888	+ 29.0
1913	650,378	582,480	+ 199,495	+ 45.4	+ 55,806	+ 9.3	+ 142,557	+ 31.2

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY STATEMENT showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and their three main Sub-divisions, their Value as Declared, their Value Estimated at the Average Values of 1900, and the recorded increase or decrease in each year as compared with 1900, and also the amount of such increase or decrease due to higher or lower Average Values and to larger or smaller quantities in each of the undermentioned years—continued.

(D)—EXPORTS (UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE).

Year.	Value in each Year		Increase (+) or Decrease (—) in each year compared with 1900.					
	As Declared	Estimated at Average Values of 1900.	Actual Increase (+) or Decrease (—).		Of which			
					Due to Higher (+) or Lower (—) Average Values.		Due to Larger (+) or Smaller (—) Quantities.	
			Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion
	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.	1,000 £'s.	Per cent.
(1) ARTICLES OF FOOD, DRINK AND TOBACCO.								
1900	14,048	14,048	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	15,515	13,780	+ 1,735	+ 12.4	—	—	+ 1,735	+ 12.4
1902	16,989	13,265	+ 3,724	+ 26.5	—	—	+ 3,724	+ 26.5
1903	16,994	16,511	+ 483	+ 3.4	—	—	+ 483	+ 3.4
1904	16,522	17,701	— 1,179	— 8.3	—	—	— 1,179	— 8.3
1905	16,068	20,497	— 4,429	— 31.5	—	—	— 4,429	— 31.5
1906	20,504	20,873	— 369	— 2.6	—	—	— 369	— 2.6
1907	23,337	23,185	+ 152	+ 1.1	—	—	+ 152	+ 1.1
1908	21,708	23,186	— 1,478	— 10.7	—	—	— 1,478	— 10.7
1909	23,334	24,135	— 801	— 5.6	—	—	— 801	— 5.6
1910	26,071	27,011	— 940	— 6.9	—	—	— 940	— 6.9
1911	26,028	29,392	— 3,364	— 24.5	—	—	— 3,364	— 24.5
1912	32,686	35,484	— 2,798	— 20.5	—	—	— 2,798	— 20.5
1913	32,906	31,962	+ 944	+ 7.2	—	—	+ 944	+ 7.2
(2) RAW MATERIALS AND ARTICLES MAINLY UNMANUFACTURED.								
1900	44,087	44,087	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	36,891	32,468	+ 4,423	+ 12.3	—	—	+ 4,423	+ 12.3
1902	35,308	33,633	+ 1,675	+ 4.8	—	—	+ 1,675	+ 4.8
1903	35,229	34,396	+ 833	+ 2.4	—	—	+ 833	+ 2.4
1904	36,488	35,502	+ 986	+ 2.7	—	—	+ 986	+ 2.7
1905	36,737	37,478	— 741	— 2.0	—	—	— 741	— 2.0
1906	43,838	39,331	+ 4,507	+ 11.5	—	—	+ 4,507	+ 11.5
1907	45,580	44,135	+ 1,445	+ 3.2	—	—	+ 1,445	+ 3.2
1908	52,750	45,244	+ 7,506	+ 16.6	—	—	+ 7,506	+ 16.6
1909	51,156	44,882	+ 6,274	+ 14.2	—	—	+ 6,274	+ 14.2
1910	55,338	48,050	+ 7,288	+ 15.2	—	—	+ 7,288	+ 15.2
1911	53,725	60,351	— 6,626	— 12.3	—	—	— 6,626	— 12.3
1912	58,417	71,095	— 12,678	— 21.7	—	—	— 12,678	— 21.7
1913	68,806	77,121	— 8,315	— 12.0	—	—	— 8,315	— 12.0
(3) ARTICLES WHOLLY OR MAINLY MANUFACTURED.								
1900	228,302	228,302	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	223,533	220,183	+ 3,350	+ 1.5	—	—	+ 3,350	+ 1.5
1902	226,837	246,514	— 19,677	— 8.7	—	—	— 19,677	— 8.7
1903	224,002	259,666	— 35,664	— 15.9	—	—	— 35,664	— 15.9
1904	213,079	254,507	— 41,428	— 19.4	—	—	— 41,428	— 19.4
1905	208,448	282,126	— 73,678	— 35.4	—	—	— 73,678	— 35.4
1906	244,388	260,295	— 15,907	— 6.5	—	—	— 15,907	— 6.5
1907	301,449	321,431	— 19,982	— 6.6	—	—	— 19,982	— 6.6
1908	350,282	350,187	+ 95	+ 0.0	—	—	+ 95	+ 0.0
1909	356,756	363,424	— 6,668	— 1.9	—	—	— 6,668	— 1.9
1910	343,899	322,284	+ 21,615	+ 6.4	—	—	+ 21,615	+ 6.4
1911	362,253	344,905	+ 17,348	+ 4.8	—	—	+ 17,348	+ 4.8
1912	385,028	382,363	+ 2,665	+ 0.7	—	—	+ 2,665	+ 0.7
1913	411,572	375,761	+ 35,811	+ 9.5	—	—	+ 35,811	+ 9.5
(4) TOTAL EXPORTS OF UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE (INCLUDING MISCELLANEOUS AND UNCLASSIFIED ARTICLES)*.								
1900	291,192	291,192	—	—	—	—	—	—
1901	290,822	294,043	— 3,221	— 1.1	—	—	— 3,221	— 1.1
1902	293,424	312,159	— 18,735	— 6.4	—	—	— 18,735	— 6.4
1903	290,890	320,394	— 29,504	— 10.2	—	—	— 29,504	— 10.2
1904	299,744	367,459	— 67,715	— 22.6	—	—	— 67,715	— 22.6
1905	324,817	359,690	— 34,873	— 10.7	—	—	— 34,873	— 10.7
1906	375,575	392,578	— 17,003	— 4.5	—	—	— 17,003	— 4.5
1907	429,035	428,378	+ 657	+ 0.2	—	—	+ 657	+ 0.2
1908	377,104	441,104	— 64,000	— 16.9	—	—	— 64,000	— 16.9
1909	378,189	437,536	— 59,347	— 15.7	—	—	— 59,347	— 15.7
1910	430,283	453,435	— 23,152	— 5.4	—	—	— 23,152	— 5.4
1911	424,116	478,408	— 54,292	— 12.8	—	—	— 54,292	— 12.8
1912	487,223	478,408	+ 8,815	+ 1.8	—	—	+ 8,815	+ 1.8
1913	525,461	497,536	+ 27,925	+ 5.7	—	—	+ 27,925	+ 5.7

\* Includes of Parcel Post.

## PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE A.—SUMMARY TABLE showing for the EXPORTS (UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE) of (1) Iron and Steel and Manufactures thereof, (2) Cotton Yarns and Fabrics, (3) Woollen Yarns and Fabrics, and (4) Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes and Colours, their Value as Declared, and their Value Estimated at the Average Values prevailing in 1900, together with the percentage fluctuations of the same, in each of the undermentioned years.

Year.	Value of Exports in each Year.		Percentage Fluctuations		
	As Declared.	Estimated at Average Values of 1900.	In Declared Values.	In Estimated Values.	In Level of Average Values.
(1) IRON AND STEEL AND MANUFACTURES THEREOF.					
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1900	31,623	31,623	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	32,009	32,009	79.1	89.9	88.0
1902	28,677	32,062	91.2	103.3	87.0
1903	30,360	30,360	96.1	105.0	83.6
1904	28,007	32,642	88.6	112.7	78.7
1905	31,826	40,490	100.0	127.3	78.8
1906	30,811	48,189	126.0	152.4	82.7
1907	40,243	52,802	147.2	167.0	88.0
1908	37,405	42,008	118.3	142.5	83.0
1909	38,192	45,145	120.8	142.7	79.3
1910	42,977	54,608	132.9	172.7	78.7
1911	43,730	54,870	138.3	173.5	79.7
1912	48,566	58,234	153.7	184.3	83.4
1913	54,328	61,880	171.8	193.3	88.8
(2) COTTON YARNS AND FABRICS.					
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1900	49,120	49,120	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	73,889	72,684	105.6	104.2	104.6
1902	72,438	73,323	103.0	105.1	98.8
1903	73,612	72,240	107.5	102.6	101.9
1904	88,374	78,181	120.2	158.2	100.1
1905	92,011	84,302	131.8	171.0	109.1
1906	90,570	85,025	142.8	173.2	115.0
1907	100,437	80,390	158.3	163.1	125.0
1908	85,006	78,482	138.2	172.5	121.1
1909	93,443	81,430	134.0	176.7	114.8
1910	105,871	94,288	151.8	190.8	122.6
1911	120,032	98,413	172.9	192.5	129.9
1912	125,220	94,426	175.2	198.3	126.7
1913	127,207	90,315	182.4	198.1	132.0
(3) WOOLLEN YARNS AND FABRICS.					
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1900	22,796	22,796	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	21,152	21,984	88.9	82.4	95.2
1902	20,688	21,021	90.2	90.0	94.2
1903	26,697	25,425	103.5	107.1	106.7
1904	26,724	25,590	112.8	111.6	100.6
1905	30,801	27,454	119.0	119.7	104.2
1906	31,707	28,732	131.9	125.7	109.9
1907	28,129	28,750	141.6	125.0	113.3
1908	28,073	28,124	118.2	108.6	110.0
1909	27,536	32,803	127.2	137.6	109.0
1910	27,220	31,922	129.5	134.4	114.4
1911	27,774	32,660	139.7	137.8	116.7
1912	27,887	31,742	159.4	132.4	118.7
(4) CHEMICALS, DRUGS, DYES AND COLOURS.					
	1,000 £s.	1,000 £s.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
1900	13,154	13,154	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	12,115	12,417	90.9	89.8	97.6
1902	12,757	12,447	97.4	102.2	94.0
1903	12,845	14,360	103.0	108.8	94.7
1904	13,047	14,169	103.7	107.7	90.3
1905	14,537	14,682	110.5	111.7	98.9
1906	15,021	15,375	114.6	116.9	100.9
1907	15,028	15,870	129.6	120.3	107.7
1908	16,271	16,458	123.7	125.4	96.4
1909	16,783	17,022	127.6	124.0	95.2
1910	18,868	18,801	143.2	142.9	98.8
1911	20,453	19,298	155.4	144.7	103.9
1912	21,206	19,388	158.9	147.4	104.5
1913	22,012	20,688	163.3	152.0	100.7

RETURN RELATING TO IMPORTS AND EXPORTS AT PRICES OF 1900.

PART II.—COMPARISON OF EACH YEAR WITH THE STANDARD YEAR (1900).

TABLE 4.—SUMMARY TABLE showing for Total Imports, Re-Exports, Net Imports, and Exports of United Kingdom Produce, and for each of their three main Sub-divisions, the percentage fluctuations in the level of Average Values in each year since 1900, deducted from the results shown in Table 4.

[Note: In this Table the figures for 1900 (the standard year) are represented by 100.]

Year.	CLASS I. (Articles of Food, Drink and Tobacco.)	CLASS II. (Raw Materials and Articles Mainly Unmanufactured.)	CLASS III. (Articles Wholly or Mainly Manufactured.)	TOTAL (Including Miscellaneous and Unclassified Articles and Pearl Fish.)
(1) TOTAL IMPORTS.				
1900	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	99.4	94.2	90.1	94.5
1902	98.4	93.3	92.0	94.8
1903	96.4	97.1	93.8	97.2
1904	96.2	106.7	93.7	97.3
1905	100.0	98.8	95.3	98.5
1906	209.0	108.6	100.8	108.2
1907	165.2	113.1	104.4	107.8
1908	107.5	203.3	97.2	109.4
1909	110.8	104.7	97.0	105.0
1910	111.6	132.7	99.7	111.0
1911	110.6	114.5	98.5	108.0
1912	116.0	111.4	100.0	110.8
1913	114.4	115.8	100.0	110.8
(2) RE-EXPORTS.				
1900	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	99.1	96.2	97.9	98.3
1902	99.5	98.2	94.3	97.3
1903	97.5	101.2	97.3	99.0
1904	96.7	205.0	90.4	101.4
1905	97.4	208.0	100.0	104.0
1906	100.9	117.4	111.6	113.0
1907	100.8	120.4	113.4	114.3
1908	100.1	111.4	106.7	108.4
1909	107.2	120.6	104.5	111.1
1910	208.3	141.2	111.2	127.3
1911	181.1	128.7	117.0	128.3
1912	129.0	126.7	123.6	126.3
1913	119.3	122.1	120.1	122.1
(3) NET IMPORTS.				
1900	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	99.6	93.2	90.9	90.7
1902	98.0	91.0	92.8	90.6
1903	96.3	96.0	93.2	90.0
1904	96.3	99.4	93.5	97.3
1905	101.1	85.7	94.5	97.7
1906	100.0	106.0	98.7	101.8
1907	105.2	111.1	102.5	106.0
1908	107.5	101.0	97.0	105.5
1909	110.7	100.3	95.4	105.4
1910	111.6	116.6	96.6	108.3
1911	120.4	110.6	96.3	108.6
1912	138.8	107.8	97.6	108.7
1913	134.2	112.5	97.4	109.8
(4) EXPORTS OF UNITED KINGDOM PRODUCE.				
1900	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1901	95.3	81.9	97.0	90.2
1902	94.2	77.4	92.8	86.2
1903	96.0	74.0	95.1	86.7
1904	92.9	72.3	96.6	84.6
1905	96.0	79.8	95.2	87.1
1906	98.0	73.9	101.6	88.9
1907	96.4	83.3	104.2	90.0
1908	93.6	80.9	103.2	88.0
1909	90.7	71.3	96.7	84.3
1910	95.5	76.3	103.1	88.4
1911	98.8	77.8	104.9	90.1
1912	100.0	85.6	106.3	91.8
1913	102.2	90.6	100.0	94.7

Note.—In considering the results shown in this Table the qualifications mentioned in the Introductory Memorandum (see p. 18) should be borne in mind.

